- 4. [9 points] In both parts of this problem, you should **show your work** and write your final answers in the spaces provided. Note that part (b) is independent of part (a).
 - **a**. [4 points] When the brakes on a car are applied at full force while the car is moving, the car does not just come to an immediate halt. In fact, a car initially traveling at a speed v (measured in meters per second) will travel an additional D(v) meters before coming to a complete stop, where

$$D(v) = v\left(2 + \frac{v}{14}\right) \qquad \text{for } v \ge 0$$

If it took a car 100 meters to come to a complete stop, how fast was it moving before the brakes were applied? Your final answer should be found *algebraically* and can be exact or accurate to three decimal places.

The car was traveling at a speed of _____

b. [5 points] Martin is visiting the planet Nomae and throws a rock vertically upwards into the air. It takes the rock 0.5 seconds for it to reach its maximum height of 4 meters above the ground, and the rock was 1.5 meters above the ground when Martin released it. Find a formula for the height h(t) (in meters) of the rock above the ground in terms of the time t (in seconds) elapsed since the rock was released, given that h(t) is a quadratic function of t.