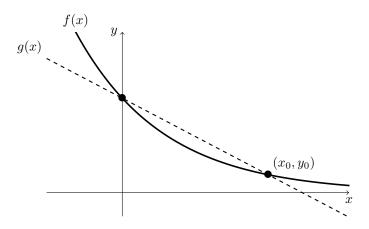
8. [12 points] Let $f(x) = a^x$ and g(x) = c + dx where a, c and d are constants. The graph of y = f(x) and y = g(x) are shown below. The point of intersection not lying on the y-axis has coordinates (x_0, y_0) .



- **a**. [10 points] In each of the bullet points below, you are asked to **circle** the option that must be true based on the graph above. If there is not enough information to decide on any of the options in a given row, circle NOT ENOUGH INFORMATION.
 - The constants a and c satisfy:

a > c	a < c	a = c	NOT ENOUGH INFORMATION
• The constants a and d s	satisfy:		
a > d	a < d	a = d	NOT ENOUGH INFORMATION
• The constants c and d s	atisfy:		
c > d	c < d	c = d	NOT ENOUGH INFORMATION

• If the constants a and c remain the same while the value of the constant d increases, then the value of x_0 , the x-coordinate of the point of intersection of $f(x) = a^x$ and g(x) = c + dx:

INCREASES	DECREASES	STAYS THE SAME	NOT ENOUGH
		STATS THE SAME	INFORMATION

• If the constants a and c remain the same while the value of the constant d increases, then the value of y_0 , the y-coordinate of the point of intersection of $f(x) = a^x$ and g(x) = c + dx:

INCREASES	DECREASES	STAYS THE SAME	NOT ENOUGH
			INFORMATION

b. [2 points] The graph of the function h(x) has a vertical intercept at (0, -2) and is perpendicular to the graph of g(x) = c + dx. Find a formula for the function h(x). Your formula may include any or all of the constants a, c and d.

h(x) =_____