5. [12 points] A coffee shop owner buys coffee from company A or company B. Let A(c) and B(c) be the cost (in dollars) of buying c pounds of coffee from company A and company B respectively. The formulas for the cost functions are given below

A(c) = 15 + 8.25c and B(c) = 22 + 7.85c.

a. [3 points] What is the practical interpretation of the slope of A(c)?

Solution: The cost in dollars of buying an additional pound of coffee from company A. In the following questions, you must find all your answers *algebraically*. Show all your work. Your answers must be accurate up to the first two decimals.

b. [2 points] How many pounds of coffee do you need to buy in order for the cost of the coffee to be the same if you buy it either from company A or company B?

Solution: We need to find the number c of lbs of coffee such that

$$15 + 8.25c = 22 + 7.85c.$$

 $0.40c = 7$
 $c = \frac{7}{0.40} = 17.5$ lbs of coffee.

c. [2 points] If the coffee shop owner wants to buy 1000 dollars worth of coffee from company A, how many pounds of coffee can he afford?

Solution:

$$15 + 8.25c = 1000.$$

 $8.25c = 985.$
 $c = \frac{985}{8.25} = 119.32$ lbs of coffee.

d. [5 points] Suppose that the coffee shop owner wants to buy 500 dollars worth of coffee, but he wants to buy 50 percent more coffee from company A than from company B. How many pounds of coffee does he need to buy from company B?

Solution: Let a and b be the number of lbs of coffee that he will buy from company A and B respectively. If he wants to buy 50 percent more coffee from company A than from company B, then a = 1.5b. If he spends 500 dlls in coffee, then A(a) + B(b) = 500. Therefore

$$\begin{aligned} A(a) + B(b) &= (15 + 8.25a) + (22 + 7.85b) = 500. \\ \text{using } a &= 1.5b \quad 15 + 8.25(1.5b) + (22 + 7.85b) = 500. \\ 15 + 12.375b + 22 + 7.85b = 500 \\ 37 + 20.225b = 500 \\ 20.225b = 463 \qquad b = 22.89 \text{ lbs of coffee from company B.} \end{aligned}$$