$$F(I) = -\frac{1}{4}\log\left(\frac{I}{c}\right)$$

be at a depth of F(I) (measured in meters), which is given by the formula:

where c > 0 is a constant. Note that the intensity of light I at all points underwater is positive and smaller than c, so F(I) is positive.

In the following parts, you must **show all your work**, **step-by-step**, and find your answers *algebraically* to receive full credit. Your final answers must be **exact**, and should be written in the spaces provided.

a. [4 points] What is the intensity of the light that reaches the sensor when it is 2 meters underwater? Your answer for this part may include the constant c, and should **include units**.

The intensity 2 meters below the surface is _____

b. [6 points] Twissell submerges the sensor at two different points in the lake.

- At the first point, the depth is d meters and the sensor measures the intensity of the sun's light to be 6K lumens.
- At the second point, the depth is D meters and the sensor measures the intensity of the sun's light to be K lumens.

How much deeper is the lake at the second point compared to the first point? Your final answer should be simplified so that it does **not** include the constants K or c, but should **include units**.

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D - d =_____