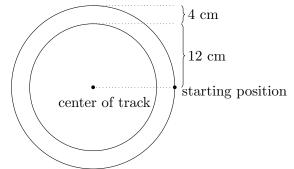
6. [8 points] Gretchken has made a circular running track to test the metabolism of ants and termites receiving doses of Chemical Y. The track has an inner radius of 12 cm, and a thickness of 4 cm as depicted below. Please leave your answers in exact form for all parts of this problem.



**a**. [4 points] First, an ant runs counterclockwise following the *outer* edge of the track. If the ant runs at a constant speed of 4.8 cm/second, what is the total angular distance (in radians) that it covers in 5 minutes?

Solution: The ant travels a total distance of  $4.8 \cdot 5 \cdot 60 = 1440$  cm. The radius of the circle along which it travels is 4 + 12 = 16 cm. The total angular distance (in radians) that it covers is thus

$$\frac{1440}{r} = \frac{1440}{16} = 90.$$

The ant covers \_\_\_\_\_\_90 radians in 5 minutes.

b. [4 points] Next, a termite run counterclockwise following the *inner* edge of the track for a total angular distance of  $\frac{27\pi}{5}$  radians. How many times does it pass its starting position? What is the additional angular distance that it covers on its last, incomplete lap?

Solution:

$$\frac{27\pi}{5} = 4\pi + \frac{7\pi}{5} = 2 \cdot 2\pi + \frac{7\pi}{5}$$

The termite passes the starting point \_\_\_\_\_ times.

It covers  $\frac{7\pi}{5}$  radians after passing the starting point for the last time.