8. [8 points] Archaeologists have discovered what seems to be scientific research papers near some dinosaur fossils. The papers talk about the "danger level", L, of a potential asteroid impact. From what they can read, the formula is given by

$$L = 3\log\left(\frac{4M}{k}\right)$$

where M is the mass of the asteroid, in kg, and k is a positive constant. For this problem, leave all your answers in **exact** form.

a. [4 points]

Suppose an asteroid has a danger level of 7.5. What would the mass of the asteroid be? Your answer should include units, and may involve the constant k.

Solution:

$$10^{7.5} = 10^{3 \log\left(\frac{4M}{k}\right)}$$
$$= 10^{\log\left(\left(\frac{4M}{k}\right)^3\right)}$$
$$= \left(\frac{4M}{k}\right)^3$$

Solving then gives $M = \frac{k}{4}(10^{7.5/3})$

Mass = $\frac{k}{4}(10^{7.5/3})$

b. [4 points]

Let N be the danger level of an asteroid of mass 12A kg, and let n be the danger level of an asteroid of mass 5A kg, where A is a positive constant.

Compute N - n. Simplify your answer so that it does *not* include k or A.

Solution: We have $N = 3 \log \left(\frac{4(12A)}{k}\right)$ and $n = 3 \log \left(\frac{4(5A)}{k}\right)$. Setting up the difference, we get

$$N - n = 3 \log\left(\frac{4(12A)}{k}\right) - 3 \log\left(\frac{4(5A)}{k}\right)$$
$$= 3(\log\left(\frac{4(12A)}{k}\right) - \log\left(\frac{4(5A)}{k}\right))$$
$$= 3(\log\left(\frac{48A}{k} \cdot \frac{k}{20A}\right))$$
$$= 3 \log\left(\frac{48}{20}\right)$$

Where we used a log rule in the third line.

 $N - n = 3\log\left(\frac{12}{5}\right)$