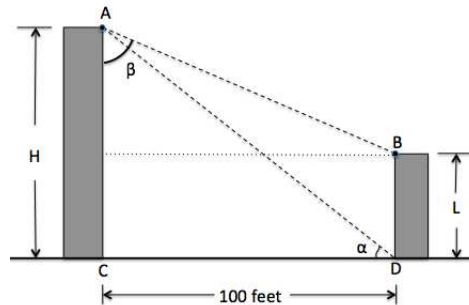


5. [9 points] Jimmy is at the top of a building at point A (see the diagram below). He is trying to determine the heights H and L of the building at which he is standing and another building that is 100 feet away. He finds out that the angles $\alpha = ADC$ and $\beta = BAC$ measure 37° and 65° respectively.



- a. [2 points] Find a formula for the length of the segment AD in terms of the height H of the building at which Jimmy is standing.

$$\boxed{\text{Solution: } AD = \sqrt{100^2 + H^2}.}$$

- b. [3 points] Find the height H of the building in which Jimmy is standing. Include units. Your answer must be exact or include at least two decimals. Show all your work.

$$\boxed{\text{Solution: } \tan \alpha = \frac{H}{100}, \text{ then } H = 100 \tan(37^\circ) \approx 75.35 \text{ feet.}}$$

- c. [4 points] Find the height L of the building that is 100 feet away. Include units. Your answer must be exact or include at least two decimals. Show all your work.

$$\boxed{\begin{aligned} \text{Solution: } & \text{Since } \tan \beta = \frac{100}{H - L}, \text{ then } H - L = \frac{100}{\tan \beta}. \\ \text{Hence } & L = H - \frac{100}{\tan \beta} \approx 28.72 \text{ feet.} \end{aligned}}$$