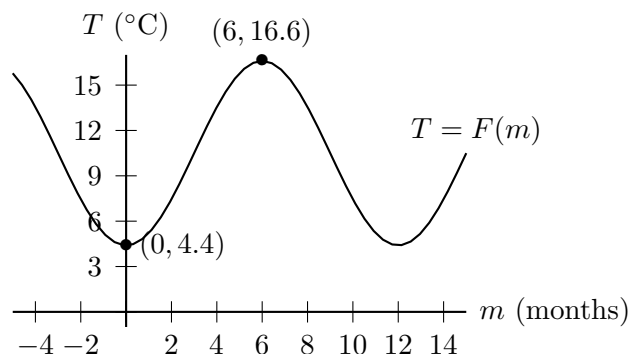


4. [12 points]

a. [7 points]

The average temperature, T , in degrees Celsius, for the city of Forks, Washington, can be modeled by the sinusoidal function $F(m)$, where m is measured in months after January 1 (so $m = 0$ represents January 1). A portion of the graph of $T = F(m)$ is shown on the right.



Find the period, amplitude, midline, and a formula for the sinusoidal function $F(m)$ shown above. (Include units for the period and amplitude.)

Period: 12 months

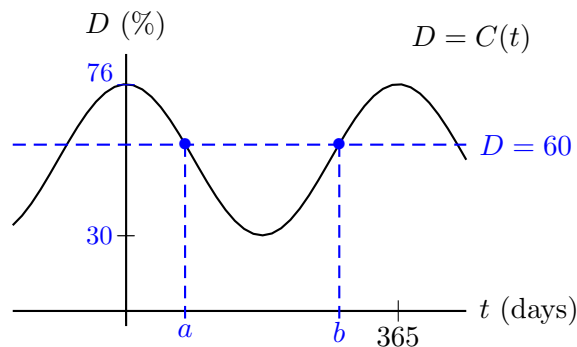
Amplitude: 6.1°C

Midline: $T = 10.5$

Formula: $F(m) =$ $-6.1 \cos(\frac{\pi}{6}m) + 10.5$ (many possible answers)

b. [5 points]

Suppose the chance of significant cloud cover in Seattle on day t of the year is $D\%$. D can be approximated by the function $C(t) = 23 \cos(0.0172t) + 53$. A portion of the graph of $D = C(t)$ is shown to the right. A family in Forks wants to visit Seattle when the chance of significant cloud cover is at least 60%. Find ALL solutions to the equation $C(t) = 60$ for $0 \leq t \leq 365$.



For full credit, you should solve this problem algebraically and show each step clearly. Your answer(s) should either be in exact form or be accurate to at least 2 decimal places.

Solution: Using the line $D = 60$ in the graph above, we see that there are two solutions for $0 \leq t \leq 365$ (labeled a and b above). By symmetry, we see that $b = 365 - a$. Solving the equation $23 \cos(0.0172t) + 53 = 60$ we find $23 \cos(0.0172t) = 7$ so $\cos(0.0172t) = \frac{7}{23}$. So one solution is given by $0.0172t = \cos^{-1}(\frac{7}{23})$, i.e. $t = \frac{\cos^{-1}(\frac{7}{23})}{0.0172} \approx 73.346$. This is the solution a shown in the graph. So, the two solutions are $a = \frac{\cos^{-1}(\frac{7}{23})}{0.0172} \approx 73.346$ and $b = 365 - \frac{\cos^{-1}(\frac{7}{23})}{0.0172} \approx 291.654$.

Answer(s): $\frac{\cos^{-1}(\frac{7}{23})}{0.0172} (\approx 73.346)$ and $365 - \frac{\cos^{-1}(\frac{7}{23})}{0.0172} (\approx 291.654)$