**2**. [7 points]

- **a.** [3 points] Let  $f(x) = \ln(x)$  and let g be the function whose graph is obtained by performing the following transformations to the graph of f, in the following order:
  - 1) A horizontal stretch by a factor of 3.
  - 2) A horizontal shift to the left by 1.
  - 3) A vertical compression by factor of  $\frac{1}{5}$ .

Write down a formula for g(x) =

**b.** [4 points] The graph y = K(x) has the line y = 2 as its horizontal asymptote and a horizontal intercept at (1,0). Let H be the function given by the formula  $H(x) = -\frac{1}{7}K(2x+3)$ . Find the horizontal intercept and the equation of the horizontal asymptote of the graph y = H(x).

Horizontal asymptote: \_\_\_\_\_

Horizontal intercept: \_\_\_\_\_

**3**. [6 points]

**a.** [4 points] Let a be a non-zero number. Find all the zeroes of the polynomial given by the formula  $p(x) = 3x(x^2 + ax)^2$ . Your answers may depend on a.

Answer:\_\_\_\_

**b.** [2 points] Let f and g be functions given by the formulas

$$f(x) = \sqrt{1 + 7\sqrt{x}}$$
 and  $h(x) = \sqrt{x}$ .

If g is a function such that f(x) = g(h(x)), find a formula for g(x).

g(x)=