- 3. [8 points] You do not need to show any work for this problem.
  - **a**. [2 points] Which of the following functions dominates **all** the others as  $x \to \infty$ ? Circle exactly one of the options below.

$$\begin{aligned} f(x) &= 0.01(1.3)^x & g(x) &= 100x^{10} & h(x) &= 300(0.25)^x \\ i(x) &= 4^{-2x} & j(x) &= 300\ln(4|x|) & k(x) &= 100\left(\frac{6}{5}\right)^x \end{aligned}$$

**b.** [2 points] Which of the following functions dominates all the others as  $x \to -\infty$ ? Circle exactly one of the options below.

$$f(x) = 0.01(1.3)^x g(x) = 100x^{10} h(x) = 300(0.25)^x$$
$$i(x) = 4^{-2x} j(x) = 300\ln(4|x|) k(x) = 100\left(\frac{6}{5}\right)^x$$

c. [2 points] Let f(x) be an odd function with:

$$\lim_{x \to -3^+} f(x) = -\infty \qquad \text{and} \qquad \lim_{x \to -3^-} f(x) = \infty$$

Suppose that f(3) = 0. Evaluate  $\lim_{x \to 3^{-}} f(x)$ . Write your answer in the space provided. If there is not enough information to evaluate the limit, write NOT ENOUGH INFORMATION.

$$\lim_{x \to 3^-} f(x) = \underline{\qquad}$$

**d**. [2 points] Consider the functions:

$$f(x) = 1 + \sqrt{1+x}$$
$$g(x) = 1 + x$$

Find the formula of a function h(x) for which f(x) = g(h(x)). Write your answer in the space provided.

h(x) =\_\_\_\_\_