- 6. [9 points] Bubble in the blanks for all possible correct choices. Use pencil in case you need to change your answer. You do not need to show work for any part of this problem.
 - **a**. Which of the functions below have the property that: $\lim_{x \to \infty} f(x) = \infty$?
 - $\int f(x) = \frac{9}{x^5} \qquad \qquad \int f(x) = \frac{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}{\ln(x)}$ $\int f(x) = \frac{x^9 + 5}{2^x + x^2} \qquad \qquad \bigcirc \text{ NONE OF THE ABOVE}$ $\int f(x) = \frac{x^2}{e^{-x}}$

b. Which of the following functions have at least one *horizontal* asymptote?

$$f(x) = \log(5x)$$

$$f(x) = e^{3x} + 1$$

$$f(x) = \frac{5x^5 - x^2}{x^5 + x^4}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{x^3 + x + 71}{x^2 - 81}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{x^3 - x - 17}$$

$$NONE OF THE ABOVE$$

c. Which of the following functions have at least one *vertical* asymptote?

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x-5} \qquad \qquad \bigcirc f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 2x + 5}{x^2 + 1} \\ \bigcirc f(x) = \ln(x) + 5 \qquad \qquad \bigcirc \text{ NONE OF THE ABOVE} \\ \bigcirc f(x) = \frac{x^2(x-1)^2}{(x-1)}$$

d. In which of the following equations is y directly proportional to x^2 ?

$$\bigcirc y = 2x$$

$$\bigcirc y = 2x^{2}$$

$$\bigcirc y = \frac{4}{x^{2}}$$

$$\bigcirc y = \frac{4}{x^{2}}$$

$$\bigcirc y = \frac{4}{x^{2}}$$

$$\bigcirc y = \frac{\sqrt{7}x^{2}}{3}$$

$$\bigcirc \text{ NONE OF THE ABOVE}$$