6. [6 points] The points $P=(a, b)$ and $Q=(c, d)$ lie on the unit circle and the circle of radius 2 , respectively, centered at the origin. The point $P$ lies in the line segment between the origin and the point $Q$. The angle $\theta$ (measured in radians), is formed by the positive $x$-axis and the line between the origin and the point $Q$ (see the figure below).

a. [2 points] Find an expression in terms of $\theta$ that computes the length $L$ of the arc between the points $Q$ and $R=(-2,0)$ (see the the arc in bold in the figure above).

$$
L=
$$

$\qquad$
b. [4 points] Find a formula for each of the quantities below only in terms of the constants a and/or b.

$$
\cos \theta=
$$

$$
c=\underline{L}
$$

$$
\sin (\theta+\pi)=
$$

$\qquad$

