Solution: Since $P(t) = kt^p$ then

3. [9 points]

a. [4 points] A residential community started a paper recycling program in 2002. According to their records, the community recycled 4000 and 12000 lbs of paper in 2005 and 2013, respectively. Let P(t) be the amount of paper recycled by this community (in lbs) t years after 2002. Find a formula for P(t) if you assume that it is a power function. Your answer must be written in **exact** form.

 $\begin{aligned} k(3^p) &= 4000 \quad k(11^p) = 12000. \\ \left(\frac{11}{3}\right)^p &= 3. \\ p\ln\left(\frac{11}{3}\right) &= \ln(3) \quad p = \frac{\ln(3)}{\ln\left(\frac{11}{3}\right)} \\ k &= \frac{4000}{3^{\frac{\ln(3)}{\ln\left(\frac{11}{3}\right)}}} = (4000)3^{-\frac{\ln(3)}{\ln\left(\frac{11}{3}\right)}}. \end{aligned}$ Hence $P(t) = (4000)3^{-\frac{\ln(3)}{\ln\left(\frac{11}{3}\right)}} t^{\frac{\ln(3)}{\ln\left(\frac{11}{3}\right)}}.$

b. [5 points] Let W(t) be the water consumption of the residential community, in millions of gallons, t years after 2005. The table below shows some values of W(t)

Note: The values in the table have been rounded to the nearest 0.01. Assume that the function W(t) increases exponentially. Your answers should be written in exact form or round your answers to the nearest 0.01.

i) What is the annual percent rate of the function W(t)? Show all your work.

Solution: Since $W(t) = ab^t$, then $\frac{W(5)}{W(2)} = \frac{ab^5}{ab^2} = b^3 = \frac{10.51}{5.38}$. Then $b = \sqrt[3]{\frac{10.51}{5.38}} \approx 1.25$ and $r = b - 1 = \sqrt[3]{\frac{10.51}{5.38}} - 1 \approx 0.25$. ii) What is the annual continuous rate of W(t)?

Solution: $k = \ln(b) = \ln\left(\sqrt[3]{\frac{10.51}{5.38}}\right) \approx 0.22.$