

On my honor, as a student,
I have neither given nor received
unauthorized aid on this academic work. **Initials:** _____

Do not write in this area

Math 115 — Second Midterm — March 26, 2019

Your Initials Only: _____ Your U-M ID # (not unickname): _____

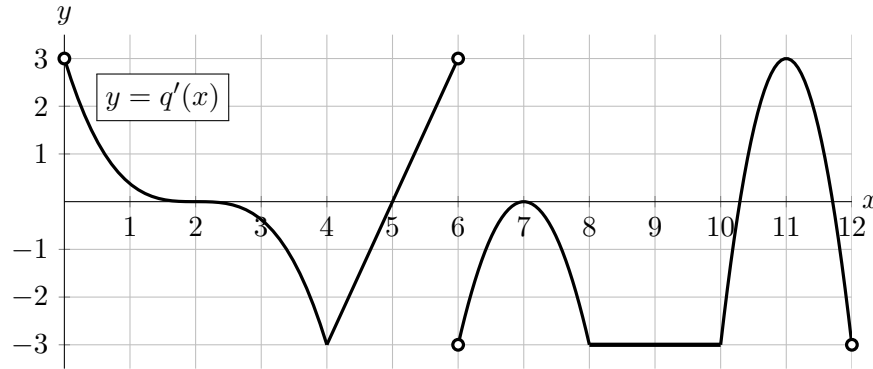
Instructor Name: _____ Section #: _____

1. **Do not open this exam until you are told to do so.**
2. **Do not write your name anywhere on this exam.**
3. This exam has 12 pages including this cover. There are 10 problems.
Note that the problems are not of equal difficulty, so you may want to skip over and return to a problem on which you are stuck.
4. Do not separate the pages of this exam. If they do become separated, write your UMID (not name) on every page and point this out to your instructor when you hand in the exam.
5. Note that the back of every page of the exam is blank, and, if needed, you may use this space for scratchwork. Clearly identify any of this work that you would like to have graded.
6. Please read the instructions for each individual problem carefully. One of the skills being tested on this exam is your ability to interpret mathematical questions, so instructors will not answer questions about exam problems during the exam.
7. Show an appropriate amount of work (including appropriate explanation) for each problem, so that graders can see not only your answer but how you obtained it.
8. The use of any networked device while working on this exam is not permitted.
9. You may use any one calculator that does not have an internet or data connection except a TI-92 (or other calculator with a “qwerty” keypad). However, you must show work for any calculation which we have learned how to do in this course.
You are also allowed two sides of a single 3" × 5" notecard.
10. For any graph or table that you use to find an answer, be sure to sketch the graph or write out the entries of the table. In either case, include an explanation of how you used the graph or table to find the answer.
11. Include units in your answer where that is appropriate.
12. Problems may ask for answers in *exact form*. Recall that $x = \sqrt{2}$ is a solution in exact form to the equation $x^2 = 2$, but $x = 1.41421356237$ is not.
13. **Turn off all cell phones, smartphones, and other electronic devices**, and remove all headphones, earbuds, and smartwatches. Put all of these items away.
14. You must use the methods learned in this course to solve all problems.

Problem	Points	Score
1	12	
2	16	
3	11	
4	10	
5	8	

Problem	Points	Score
6	10	
7	8	
8	8	
9	9	
10	8	
Total	100	

1. [12 points] The function $q(x)$ is continuous on $[0, 12]$. The graph of $q'(x)$ (the derivative of q) is given below.



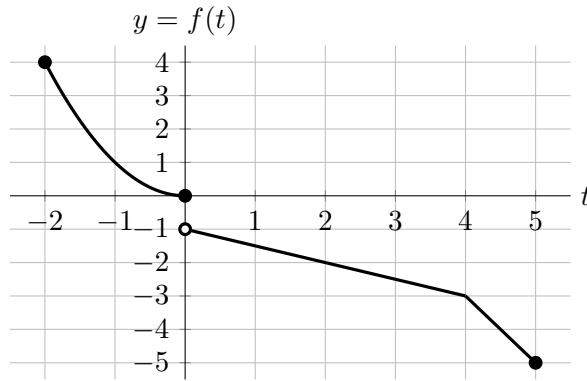
- a. [2 points] On which of the following interval(s) is $q(x)$ decreasing? Circle all correct choices.
- (0,2) (6,7) (7,8) NONE OF THESE
- b. [2 points] On which of the following interval(s) is $q(x)$ concave down? Circle all correct choices.
- (0,2) (2,4) (6,7) NONE OF THESE
- c. [2 points] Which of the following are critical point(s) of $q'(x)$? Circle all correct choices.
- $x = 2$ $x = 5$ $x = 9$ NONE OF THESE
- d. [2 points] Which of the following are critical point(s) of $q(x)$? Circle all correct choices.
- $x = 5$ $x = 6$ $x = 11$ NONE OF THESE
- e. [2 points] At which of the following value(s) of x does $q(x)$ have a local maximum? Circle all correct choices.
- $x = 6$ $x = 7$ $x = 11$ NONE OF THESE
- f. [2 points] At which of the following value(s) of x does $q(x)$ have an inflection point? Circle all correct choices.
- $x = 2$ $x = 4$ $x = 7$ NONE OF THESE

2. [16 points]

Shown to the right is the graph of a function $f(t)$.

Note that:

- $f(t) = t^2$ on $[-2, 0]$,
- $f(t)$ is linear on the intervals $(0, 4)$ and $(4, 5)$.



a. Evaluate each of the following quantities **exactly**, or write DNE if the value does not exist. You do not need to show work, but limited partial credit may be awarded for work shown.

i. [2 points] Find $(f^{-1})'(-2)$.

Answer: $(f^{-1})'(-2) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

ii. [2 points] Let $g(t) = \sin(t)f(t)$. Find $g'(4)$.

Answer: $g'(4) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

iii. [4 points] Let $h(t) = \frac{f(2t+2)}{2^t}$. Find $h'(0)$.

Answer: $h'(0) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

iv. [4 points] Let $j(t) = \ln(-f'(t))$. Find $j'(-1)$.

Answer: $j'(-1) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

b. [2 points] On which of the following interval(s) does $f(t)$ satisfy the hypotheses of the Mean Value Theorem? Circle all correct choices.

- $[-2, 5]$

 $[0, 3]$

 $[3, 5]$

 NONE OF THESE

c. [2 points] On which of the following interval(s) does $f(t)$ satisfy the conclusion of the Mean Value Theorem? Circle all correct choices.

- $[-2, 5]$

 $[0, 3]$

 $[3, 5]$

 NONE OF THESE

3. [11 points] Suppose $h(x)$ is a continuous function defined for all real numbers x . The derivative and second derivative of $h(x)$ are given by

$$h'(x) = \frac{2x}{3(x^2 - 1)^{2/3}} \quad \text{and} \quad h''(x) = -\frac{2(x^2 + 3)}{9(x^2 - 1)^{5/3}}.$$

- a. [6 points] Find the x -coordinates of all critical points of $h(x)$ and all values of x at which $h(x)$ has a local extremum. Use calculus to find and justify your answers, and be sure to show enough evidence to demonstrate that you have found all local extrema. For each answer blank below, write NONE if appropriate.

Answer: Critical point(s) at $x =$ _____

Answer: Local max(es) at $x =$ _____

Answer: Local min(s) at $x =$ _____

- b. [5 points] Find the x -coordinates of all inflection points of $h(x)$. If there are none, write NONE. Use calculus to find and justify your answers, and be sure to show enough evidence to demonstrate that you have found all inflection points.

Answer: Inflection point(s) at $x =$ _____

4. [10 points]

a. Let \mathcal{C} be the curve given by the equation

$$y \cos(2x) = y^3 + b,$$

where b is a constant. The curve \mathcal{C} passes through the point $(0, 2)$.

i. [2 points] Find b .

Answer: $b =$ _____

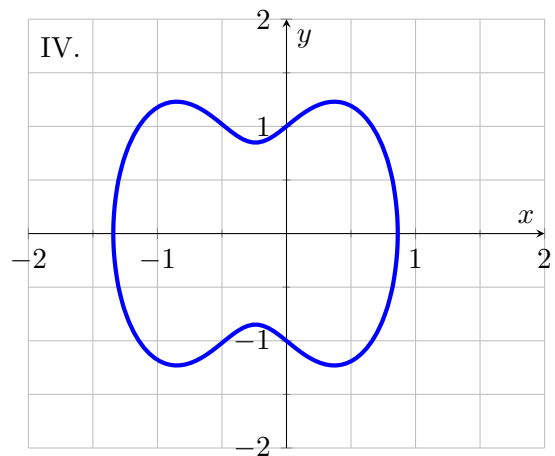
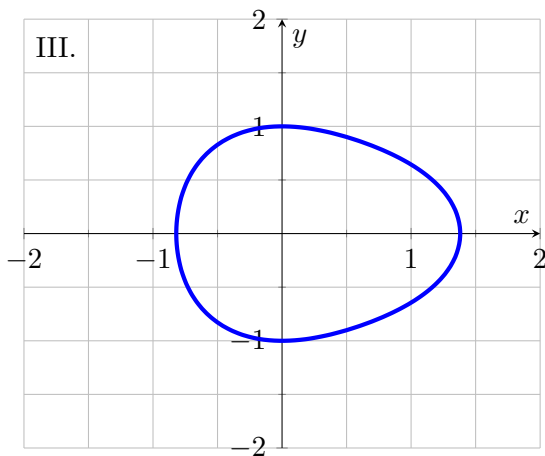
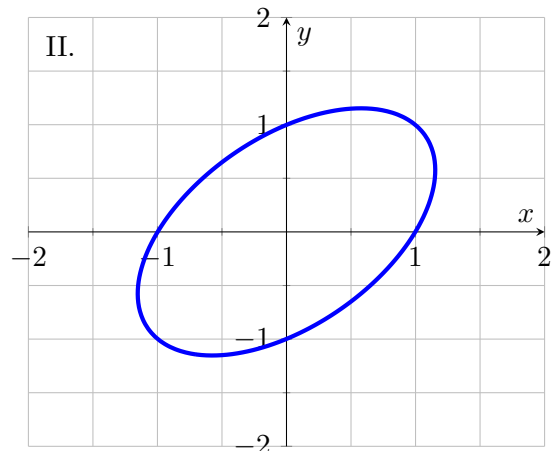
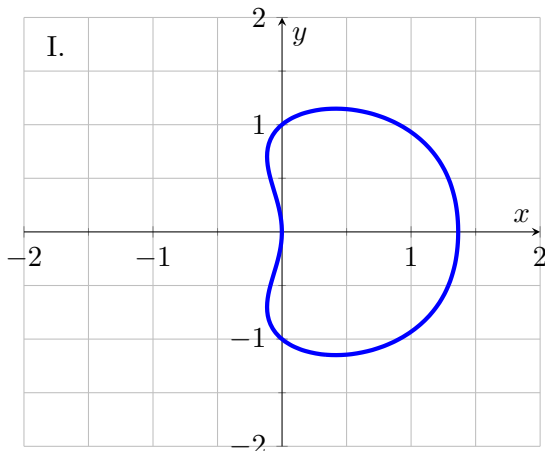
ii. [5 points] For the curve \mathcal{C} , find a formula for $\frac{dy}{dx}$ in terms of x and y . To earn credit for this problem, you must compute this by hand and show every step of your work clearly.

Answer: $\frac{dy}{dx} =$ _____

b. [3 points] A different curve \mathcal{R} passes through the point $(0, 1)$ and satisfies

$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{2x - y}{x - 2y}.$$

One of the following graphs is the graph of \mathcal{R} . Which of the graphs is it? Write the numeral (I, II, III, or IV) of the graph you choose on the answer line at the bottom of this page.



Answer: _____

5. [8 points] Consider the function $h(x)$ where k and A are constants:

$$h(x) = \begin{cases} 2x + 1 & x \leq k \\ (x - A)^2 + 2 & x > k \end{cases}$$

- a. [5 points] There is exactly one choice of the constants A and k that make $h(x)$ differentiable. Find these values of A and k .

Answer: $A =$ _____

Answer: $k =$ _____

- b. [3 points] If $A > k$, then $h(x)$ has two critical points. What are the x -coordinates of these points? Your answers may be in terms of A and/or k . Show work or briefly explain your reasoning.

Answer: Critical point(s) at $x =$ _____

6. [10 points]

- a. [4 points] Below is a table of values for a differentiable function $g(x)$. Also shown are some values of $g'(x)$, which is an increasing function and also differentiable.

x	3	8	10
$g(x)$	10	1	0
$g'(x)$	-4	0.6	2

- i. [2 points] Write a formula for $L(x)$, the linear approximation of $g(x)$ at $x = 3$.

Answer: $L(x) =$ _____

- ii. [1 point] Use your formula for $L(x)$ to estimate $g(3.2)$.

Answer: $g(3.2) \approx$ _____

- iii. [1 point] Is your estimate of $g(3.2)$ an overestimate or an underestimate? Circle your answer.

Overestimate

Underestimate

Cannot be determined

- b. [2 points] The quadratic approximation of $g(x)$ at $x = 10$ is

$$Q(x) = 2(x - 10) + 2(x - 10)^2.$$

Find $g''(10)$.

Answer: $g''(10) =$ _____

- c. [4 points] Let $h(x) = (g(x))^3$. The linear approximation of $h(x)$ at $x = 6$ is

$$K(x) = 8 + 3(x - 6).$$

Find $g(6)$ and $g'(6)$.

Answer: $g(6) =$ _____

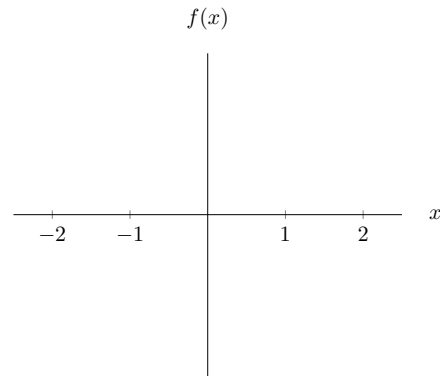
Answer: $g'(6) =$ _____

7. [8 points] For each part, draw a function on the given axes that satisfies the given conditions. Or, if no such function exists, write DNE and provide a brief explanation.

Make sure your graphs are unambiguous and that the domain of each graph is clear.

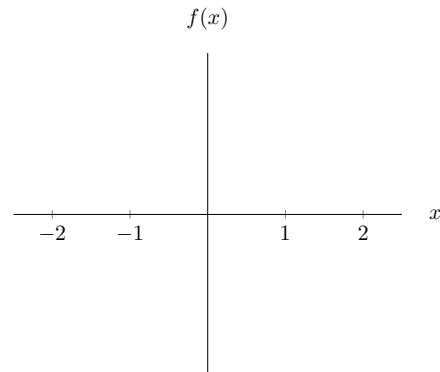
a. [2 points]

A differentiable function $f(x)$ with domain $[-2, 2]$ that has a global maximum at $x = 1$ and $f''(x) \leq 0$.



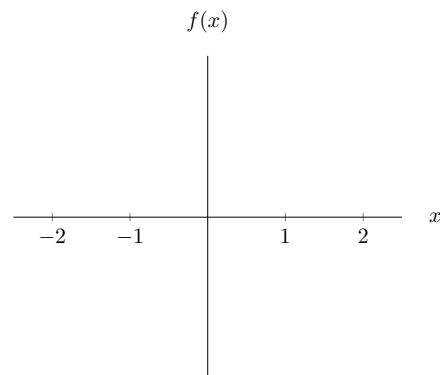
b. [3 points]

A continuous function $f(x)$ with domain $[-2, 2]$ that has both a local minimum at $x = 1$ and an inflection point at $x = 1$.



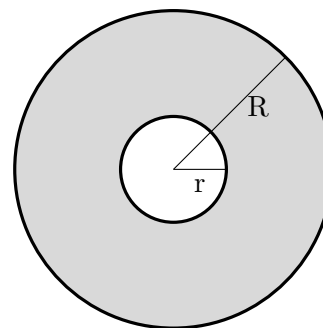
c. [3 points]

A continuous function $f(x)$ with domain $(-2, 2)$ that has exactly one critical point and no global extrema. Note that this domain differs from those in previous parts.



8. [8 points]

Kristen is machining a metal washer to fix her broken down motorcycle. A washer is a flat, circular piece of metal with a hole in the middle. Kristen's washer is depicted by the shaded region in the figure to the right. The washer has an inner radius of r centimeters and an outer radius of R centimeters. The area of the washer must be exactly 5 square centimeters, and r must be at least 1 centimeter.



a. [3 points] Find a formula for r in terms of R .

Answer: $r =$ _____

b. [2 points] The structural integrity of the washer depends on both its inner radius and its outer radius. Specifically, the structural integrity is given by the equation

$$S = 32R(\ln(rR + 1) + 7).$$

Express S as a function of R . *Your answer should not include r .*

Answer: $S(R) =$ _____

c. [3 points] What is the domain of $S(R)$ in the context of this problem? You may give your answer as an interval or using inequalities.

Answer: _____

9. [9 points]

Consider the function

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -2e^{2x-2} & x \leq 1 \\ x^3 - 3x^2 & x > 1. \end{cases}$$

a. [5 points] Find all critical point(s) of $f(x)$. Write NONE if there are none.

Answer: Critical point(s) at $x =$ _____

b. [4 points] Find the x -coordinate of all global maxima and global minima of $f(x)$ on the interval $(-\infty, 4]$. For each, write NONE if there are none.

Answer: global max(es) at $x =$ _____

Answer: global min(s) at $x =$ _____

10. [8 points] Let $j(t)$ be a differentiable function with domain $(0, \infty)$ that satisfies all of the following:

- $j(5) = 0$
- $j(t)$ has exactly two critical points
- $j(t)$ has a local maximum at $t = 5$
- $j(t)$ has a local minimum at $t = 9$
- $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0^+} j(t) = -\infty$
- $\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} j(t) = 0$

You do not need to show work in this problem.

a. [2 points] Circle all of the following intervals on which $j'(t)$ must always be negative.

(0, 2)

(2, 5)

(5, 9)

(9, ∞)

b. [3 points] Find all the values of t at which $j(t)$ attains global extrema on the interval $[1, 9]$. If not enough information is provided, write NOT ENOUGH INFO. If there are no such values of t , write NONE.

Answer: Global max(es) at $t =$ _____

Answer: Global min(s) at $t =$ _____

c. [3 points] Find all the values of t at which $j(t)$ attains global extrema on its domain. If not enough information is provided, write NOT ENOUGH INFO. If there are no such values of t , write NONE.

Answer: Global max(es) at $t =$ _____

Answer: Global min(s) at $t =$ _____