10. (13 points) The traffic on US-23 between Brighton and Ann Arbor is stop and go every weekday morning. I merge onto US-23 South at Brighton travelling 35 miles per hour. The traffic is bad and I must immediately slow down, finally coming to a stop 2 miles after I got on the highway. I am able to speed right up again, and I reach my maximum speed of 70 miles per hour six miles after I merged onto US-23. There are again traffic problems and I must slow again, coming to a stop 4 miles after I reached my peak speed. Suppose my speed continues in the same pattern until I reach the Ann Arbor exit, 13 miles after I merged onto the highway at Brighton.
(a) Assume that my speed may be modelled by a trigonometric function and sketch a graph of my speed as I travel south on US-23. Let the horizontal axis represent my distance from the Brighton entrance to the highway. Be sure to appropriately label the axes.

(b) Determine a trigonometric function, $v$, giving my speed as a function of $d$, my distance from Brighton.

$$
v(d)=-35 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{4} d\right)+35
$$

(c) What was my speed when I reached Ann Arbor?

To find the speed as I reach Ann Arbor, one merely needs to plug $d=13$ into $v(d)$, obtaining 59.75 miles per hour.
(d) What are the units of $v^{\prime}$ ?

First note that $v$ is a function of $d$, not time which makes this a little trickier. So we are really looking at $v^{\prime}(d)=\frac{d v}{d d}$. Then one sees that the units are (miles $/$ hour $) /$ miles $=1 /$ hour.

