6. (12 points) Consider the function $f(x)=\sin \left(x^{2}\right)$.
(a) Explain what the difference quotient $\frac{\sin \left(\sqrt{\pi}^{2}\right)-\sin (0)}{\sqrt{\pi}}$ represents.
(b) Write the limit definition for $f^{\prime}(\sqrt{\pi})$ without using the symbol $f$. No need to numerically evaluate the limit or approximate $f^{\prime}(\sqrt{\pi})$.
(c) Suppose that $g$ is a new function defined as follows:

$$
g(x)=\left\{\begin{array}{ll}
2 f(x) & x<\sqrt{\pi / 2} \\
k x+4 & x \geq \sqrt{\pi / 2}
\end{array} \quad \text { for } f(x)\right. \text { as above }
$$

For what value of $k$ is the function $g$ continuous?

