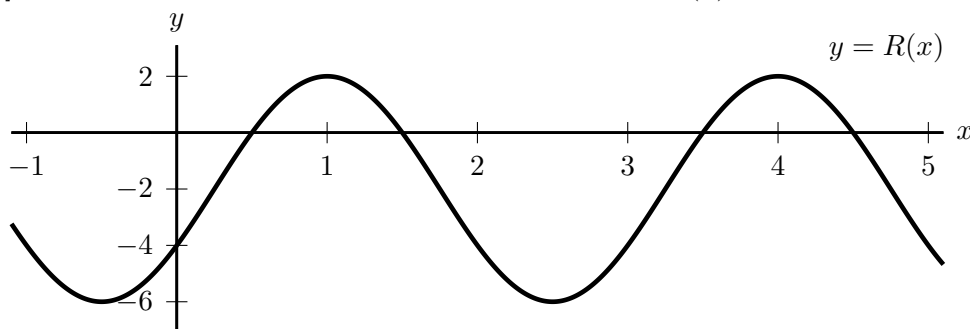


8. [6 points] Given below is the graph of a sinusoidal function $R(x)$.



Find a possible formula for $R(x)$.

Solution: The graph shown above is of a sinusoidal function with amplitude 4, period 3, and midline $y = -2$. We first consider the graph of

$$y = 4 \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}x\right) - 2.$$

This graph has the proper amplitude, period, and midline. We shift this graph over to the right 1 unit to obtain the graph of $y = R(x)$. Thus, one possible formula for $R(x)$ is given by

$$R(x) = 4 \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}(x - 1)\right) - 2.$$

Answer: $R(x) =$ $4 \cos\left(\frac{2\pi}{3}(x - 1)\right) - 2$

9. [4 points] The table below gives several values of a function $w(x)$.

x	4.5	4.9	4.99	5	5.01	5.1	5.5
$w(x)$	-0.879	-0.154	-0.015	0	0.060	0.630	3.750

Use the information in the table above to estimate the following limit.

$$\lim_{h \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{w(5 + h)}{h}$$

Clearly show any computations that you use to make this estimate.

Solution: The left limit can be approximated by $w(5 + h)/h$ for small negative values of h . The table of values provided for w allows us to compute this when $h = -0.1$ and when $h = -0.01$. The results are shown in the table below.

h	$\frac{w(5 + h)}{h}$
-0.1	$\frac{w(4.9)}{-0.1} = 1.54$
-0.01	$\frac{w(4.99)}{-0.01} = 1.5$

Using these values, we estimate that the desired left-hand limit is approximately 1.5.

Answer: $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{w(5 + h)}{h} \approx$ 1.5