- **2.** [12 points] On the axes provided below, sketch the graph of a single function h(x) that satisfies all of the following conditions.
 - The domain of the function h(x) includes -8 < x < 8.
 - h(x) is concave up and decreasing on -8 < x < -5.
 - $\lim_{x \to -5^-} h(x) = 1$ and $\lim_{x \to -5^+} h(x) = 1$.
 - h(x) is <u>not</u> continuous at -5.

•
$$\frac{h(-4) - h(-2)}{-4 - (-2)} = 1.$$

- h(x) has a y-intercept of -3.
- h(x) = h(-x) for $-2 \le x \le 2$.
- On the interval 3 < x < 8, the function h(x) is the derivative of the function g(x), which is shown in the graph to the right.



