10. [9 points] A portion of the graph of a function $g(x)$ is shown below.


The function $g$ has the following characteristics.

- A vertical asymptote at $x=2$ (and no others).
- A horizontal asymptote at $y=-3$ (and no others).
- $g(x)$ is continuous and increasing on the interval $(-\infty, 0)$.
- $g(x)$ is continuous and decreasing on the interval $(2, \infty)$.
- The tangent line to the graph of $g(x)$ at $x=0$ is horizontal.
a. [5 points] Consider $g^{\prime}(x)$, the derivative of $g(x)$. Determine whether each statement below is true or false. Write out the entire word true or FALSE as your answer. No explanation is required.
i. $g^{\prime}(-4)=0$
ii. $g^{\prime}(0)=0$
iii. $g^{\prime}(3)<g^{\prime}(6)$
iv. $g^{\prime}(-4)=g^{\prime}(4)$
v. $g^{\prime}(x)$ is decreasing on the interval $(-2,1)$
b. [4 points] Consider the function $h(x)=3 g(x+2)$.

Determine whether each statement below is true or false. Write out the entire word true or fALSE as your answer. No explanation is required.
i. $h(x)$ is defined for all real numbers.
ii. The line $y=-1$ is a horizontal asymptote of the graph of $y=h(x)$.
iii. The line $x=4$ is a vertical asymptote of the graph of $y=h(x)$.
iv. $h(x)$ is not continuous at $x=0$.

