**3.** [5 points] The function y(t), given to the right, gives the mass, in milligrams, of a yeast colony t hours after an experiment begins, where A, B, and C are constants.

$$y(t) = \begin{cases} \frac{A}{1 + e^{-Ct}} & 0 \le t < 4\\ 12B^t & t \ge 4 \end{cases}$$

Find the values of A, B, and C such that all of the following hold:

- $\bullet \lim_{t \to 0^+} y(t) = 8,$
- the yeast colony's mass decays by 2% each hour after t=4, and
- y(t) is continuous at t = 4.

Show your work, and give your answers in **exact form**.

Solution: Because  $\frac{A}{1+e^{-Ct}}$  is a continuous function, the first point gives

$$8 = \lim_{t \to 0^+} \frac{A}{1 + e^{-Ct}} = \frac{A}{1 + e^{-C \cdot 0}} = \frac{A}{1 + 1},$$

so A = 16. The second point gives B = 0.98.

Finally, the third point means we must have  $\lim_{t\to 4^-}y(t)=\lim_{t\to 4^+}y(t)=y(4)$ . So we must have

$$\frac{16}{1 + e^{-C \cdot 4}} = 12 \cdot (0.98)^4 \quad \text{so} \quad \frac{16}{12 \cdot (0.98)^4} - 1 = e^{-C \cdot 4}.$$

Taking ln of both sides and then dividing by -4, we get  $C = -\frac{1}{4} \ln \left( \frac{16}{12 \cdot (0.98)^4} - 1 \right)$ .

**Answers:**  $A = \underline{\qquad 16 \qquad} \quad B = \underline{\qquad 0.98 \qquad} \quad C = \underline{\qquad -\frac{1}{4}\ln\left(\frac{16}{12\cdot(0.98)^4} - 1\right)}$ 

- **4.** [7 points] Consider the rational function  $r(x) = \frac{x(x-1)(x+4)^2}{(x^2-1)(x+4)}$ .
  - **a**. [5 points]
    - i. Find the equations of any horizontal asymptotes of r(x) or write NONE if there are none.

Answer: NONE

ii. Find all the zeros of r(x), or write NONE if there are none.

**Answer:** 0

iii. Find all numbers c such that the limit  $\lim_{x\to c} r(x)$  exists but r(c) is not defined.

**Answer:** -4, 1

**b.** [2 points] Find a linear function h(x) such that the function  $r(x) \cdot h(x)$  has no vertical asymptotes.

**Answer:**  $h(x) = \underline{\qquad x+1}$