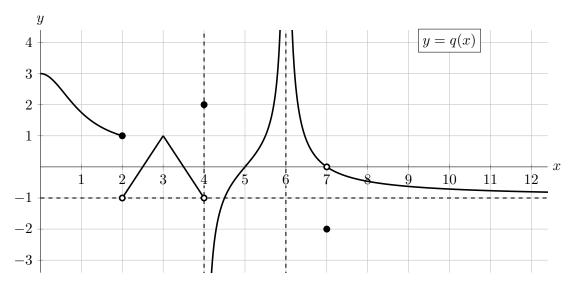
**2.** [9 points] Below is a portion of the graph of the **even** function q(x). Note that q(x) is linear on the intervals (2,3) and (3,4), and has vertical asymptotes at x = 4 and x = 6 and a horizontal asymptote at y = -1.



**a.** [1 point] At which of the following values of x is the function q(x) continuous? Circle all correct answers.

$$x = 2$$
  $x = 3$   $x = 5$   $x = 6$   $x = 7$  None of these

- **b.** [6 points] Find the **exact** numerical value of each expression below, if possible. For any values that do not exist, including if they are limits that diverge to  $\pm \infty$ , write DNE. If there is not enough information to find a given value or determine whether it exists, write NEI. Remember that q(x) is an **even** function, and  $\pi \approx 3.14$ .
  - $i. \lim_{x \to 7} q(x) = \underline{\qquad} \qquad iv. \lim_{x \to -2^+} q(x) = \underline{\qquad}$
  - *ii.*  $\lim_{x \to 2} q(x) =$ \_\_\_\_\_ *v.*  $\lim_{x \to 2^+} q(x^2 4) =$ \_\_\_\_\_

*iii.* 
$$\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{q(\pi+h) - q(\pi)}{h} =$$
*\_\_\_\_\_vi.*  $\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(7q\left(\frac{x}{3}\right) + 1\right) =$ *\_\_\_\_\_\_*

c. [2 points] Given that q'(5) = 1.5, find an equation of the line tangent to the graph of f(x) = q(x) - 4 at the point (5, -4).