- 5. [6 points] The sound of a jet engine during aircraft take-off, measured at a distance of about 50 meters from the engine, is given by its sinusoidal sound pressure function P(t), in Pascals (Pa), where t is the time in seconds after the plane enters the runway. The sound pressure reaches its maximum of 60 Pa at t=0 seconds, and the smallest positive time where it reaches its minimum of 20 Pa is t=1/40 seconds.
  - **a**. [3 points] Find a formula for P(t).

Answer:	P(t) =		

**b.** [3 points] Given that the sound pressure function is 50 Pa at t=1/120 seconds, find all t-values where P(t) is equal to 30 Pa within the first 0.1 seconds. (Note that  $0.1 = \frac{2}{20} = \frac{4}{40}$ .)

Answer: 
$$t =$$

6. [5 points] Let

$$K(p) = 2^{\cos p} + \sqrt{(3p)}.$$

Use the limit definition of the derivative to write an explicit expression for K'(5). Your answer should not involve the letter K. Do not attempt to evaluate or simplify the limit. Write your final answer in the answer box provided below.

Answer: 
$$K'(5) =$$