5. (8 points) After a dementor attack, Harry, the wizard, eats chocolate in order to feel better. When a wizard eats chocolate, the chocolate enters their bloodstream instantaneously and the body metabolizes and eliminates it from the bloodstream at the rate of $20 \%$ per hour.
(a) If Harry ate $1 / 2$ pound of chocolate, write a formula for the amount of chocolate, $Q$ (in pounds), remaining in his bloodstream $t$ hours after he ate the chocolate.

Harry ate a $1 / 2$ pound of chocolate, so $Q_{0}=1 / 2$. We're told that his body metabolizes and eliminates it from the bloodstream at the rate of $20 \%$ per hour. Since the function is changing at a constant percent, we have an exponential function with the growth factor of $(1-.20)=.80$ Thus,

$$
Q(t)=\frac{1}{2}(0.8)^{t}
$$

(b) If Harry's chocolate level in his bloodstream becomes lower than 0.2 pounds, he will go into shock. What is the maximum amount of time, $t$, that he can wait before eating more chocolate? Show your work.

The maximum value of time, $t$, that Harry can wait is the value of $t$ that satisfies the equation $0.2=\frac{1}{2}(0.8)^{t}$.
$\Rightarrow 0.4=(0.8)^{t}$
$\Rightarrow \ln (0.4)=t * \ln (0.8)$
$\Rightarrow t=\frac{\ln (0.4)}{\ln (0.8)}$
So, $t \approx 4$.1hours.
6. (5 points) Let $f(x)=\sin \left(3 x^{2}\right)$. Use the definition of the derivative to express $f^{\prime}(2)$ as a limit. You do not need to simplify your expression or try to approximate $f^{\prime}(2)$.

$$
\begin{aligned}
f^{\prime}(2)=\lim _{h \rightarrow 0} & \frac{f(2+h)-f(2)}{h} \\
& =\lim _{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \left(3(2+h)^{2}\right)-\sin (12)}{h}
\end{aligned}
$$

