- 5. (2 points each) Circle "TRUE" or "FALSE" for each of the following problems. Circle "TRUE" only if the statement is *always* true. No explanation is necessary.
 - (a) If g(x) is an everywhere differentiable function, then so is f(x) = ag(x h) + b, where a, b and h are constants.



(b) Suppose H(t) and T(t) are differentiable functions, and T(t) = H(t) - 4. Then H and T have the same derivative at each t.



(c) If l and m are inverse functions and the graph of m crosses the line y = x, the graph of l must also cross this line at the same point.

I ROL I ALSE	True	False
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(d) If b is a positive constant, then $\lim_{h\to 0} \frac{\sqrt{b+h} - \sqrt{b}}{h} = 0.5 \ b^{-1/2}$.

False

TRUE

(e) If s(t) gives the position of an object moving at a constant velocity, then the object's instantaneous velocity at t = a is equal to $\frac{s(b) - s(a)}{b - a}$ for all $a \neq b$.



False

FALSE

FALSE

(f) If t is a differentiable concave up function, then $t'(a) < \frac{t(b) - t(a)}{b - a}$ for all a < b.

TRUE

(g) For any constant a, the equation $ax = e^{2\ln x} + a^2$ has exactly one solution.

True