8. A continuous function $f$, defined for all $x$, is always decreasing and concave up. Suppose $f(6)=-6$ and $f^{\prime}(6)=-1.5$.
(a) (2 points) How many zeros does $f$ have? Justify your answer.
(b) (2 points) Can $f^{\prime}(2)=-1$ ? Justify your answer.
(c) (4 points) Circle all intervals below in which $f$ has at least one zero. Justify your choices with a picture and a short description.
i. $(-\infty,-6)$
ii. $[-6,-2)$
iii. $[-2,-1)$
iv. $[-1,1)$
v. $[1,2)$
vi. $[2,6)$
vii. $[6, \infty)$
