

1. [11 points] The temperature in degrees Celsius ($^{\circ}\text{C}$) of a certain cup of hot tea x minutes after it has been poured is given by $T(x) = 20 + 60\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{x/30}$.

a. [2 points]

- i. What was the initial temperature of the tea in degrees Celsius?

Answer: _____ $^{\circ}\text{C}$

- ii. What is $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} T(x)$?

Answer: _____

- b. [3 points] The hot tea sits on a table cooling for an entire hour before you remember to drink it. Find the average rate at which the tea cools during this hour. *Your answer should be a positive number. Include units.*

Answer: _____

- c. [3 points] If t is the temperature of a liquid in degrees Celsius, then its temperature in degrees Fahrenheit is $f(t) = \frac{9}{5}t + 32$.

- i. [2 points] Find constants m and b such that $f^{-1}(x) = mx + b$.

Answers: $m =$ _____ $b =$ _____

- ii. [1 point] Write an expression for the temperature of the tea in degrees Fahrenheit x minutes after it has been poured. *Your answer may involve one or both of the letters T or f , but it does not have to; either way, you do not need to simplify.*

Answer: _____

- d. [3 points] Assuming the tea was poured at 12 noon, circle the **one best** practical interpretation of the fact that $(T^{-1})'(50) \approx -1.5$.

- i. At 12:50 pm, the tea is cooling at a rate of about 1.5°C per minute.
- ii. It takes about three minutes for the tea to cool down from 51°C to 49°C .
- iii. 50 minutes after the tea was poured, it takes the tea about 90 seconds to cool down 1°C .
- iv. It takes about a minute for the tea to cool down from 51.5°C to 50°C .
- v. The tea had a temperature of 60°C fifteen minutes before its temperature was 50°C .