5. [7 points] Consider the rational functions

$$p(x) = \frac{x(x+3)^3}{7(x-4)^2}$$
 and $q(x) = \frac{5(x-2)(x-4)}{(x+3)(x+1)(x-2)}$,

and let $R(x) = p(x) \cdot q(x)$ be their product. In (a)-(d) below, circle all correct answers or else NONE OF THESE if there are no correct answers.

a. [1 point] Which of the following points belong to the domain of R(x)?

$$x = -3 \qquad \qquad x = -1 \qquad \qquad x = 2$$

$$x = 2$$

$$x = 4$$

NONE OF THESE

b. [1 point] At which of the following points does R(x) have a vertical asymptote?

$$x = -3 \qquad \qquad x = -1 \qquad \qquad x = 0 \qquad \qquad x = 2$$

$$x = -1$$

$$x = 0$$

$$x = 2$$

$$x = 4$$

NONE OF THESE

c. [1 point] At which of the following points does R(x) have a hole?

$$x = -3$$

$$x = -3 \qquad \qquad x = -1 \qquad \qquad x = 0 \qquad \qquad x = 2$$

$$x = 0$$

$$x = 2$$

$$x = 4$$

NONE OF THESE

d. [1 point] Which of the following are horizontal asymptotes of R(x)?

$$y = 5$$

$$y = 7$$

$$y = \frac{5}{7}$$

$$y = \frac{7}{5}$$

y=5 y=7 $y=\frac{5}{7}$ $y=\frac{7}{5}$ y=0 None of these

e. [3 points] Compute the following limits, writing DNE if a given limit does not exist.

$$(i) \lim_{x \to -3} p(x) = \underline{\qquad}$$

$$(ii) \lim_{x \to -3} q(x) = \underline{\qquad}$$

$$(iii) \lim_{x \to -3} R(x) = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

6. [6 points] A portion of the graph of the function b(x) is shown below on the left. Carefully sketch the graph of the derivative b'(x) of b(x) for -4 < x < 4 on the given axes on the right.



