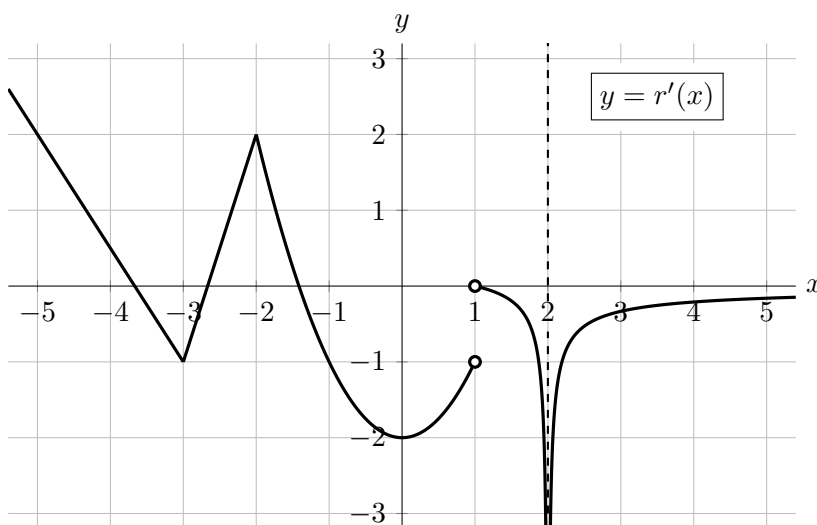


7. [10 points] Given below is a portion of the graph of $r'(x)$, the derivative of the continuous function $r(x)$, along with a table of some values of $r(x)$. Note that $r'(x)$ has a vertical asymptote at $x = 2$. Use the graph and the table to answer the questions below. *You do not need to show work.*



x	-3	-2	1	2
$r(x)$	6.5	7	4	??

- a. [1 point] Circle all of the x values below at which the function $r'(x)$ is not continuous.

$x = -2$

$x = 0$

$x = 1$

$x = 2$

NONE OF THESE

- b. [6 points] Find the **exact** numerical value of each expression below, if possible. For any values that do not exist, including if they are limits that diverge to $\pm\infty$, write DNE.

i. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} r'(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

iv. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} r'(2x + 3) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

ii. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1^-} r'(x) = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

v. $\lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{r'(-4 + h) - r'(-4)}{h} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

iii. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} \frac{1}{r'(x)} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

vi. $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{r(-2 + t) - 7}{t} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

- c. [1 point] Given that $r(2)$ is one of the five values below, determine which one it is by circling the one correct answer.

$\frac{10}{3}$

4

5

$\frac{16}{3}$

$4 + 2^{1/3}$

- d. [2 points] Find an equation of the line tangent to the graph of $r(x)$ at $x = -3$.

Answer: $y = \underline{\hspace{4cm}}$