(4.) (12 points) Consider the function:

$$
f(x)=e^{\frac{-(a x)^{2}}{2}}, \quad \text { for } a \text { a positive constant. }
$$

The graph of $y=f(x)$ is the (in)famous "bell curve," which occurs frequently in statistics, and occasionally in heated political debates as well.
(a) Compute $f^{\prime \prime}(x)$. Show your work.
(b) For which value of $a$ does the function $f$ have an inflection point at $x=3$ ?

