(6.) (11 points) The equation $x^{2}-x y+y^{2}=3$ represents a "rotated ellipse"-that is, an ellipse whose axes are not parallel to the coordinate axes.
(a) Find the points at which this ellipse crosses the $x$-axis.
(b) Show that the lines tangent to the ellipse at these points are parallel.
(c) Under what conditions on $x$ and $y$ (if any) would a tangent to the curve be vertical?

