10. [4 points] An implicit curve is described by the equation

$$xy^n = \cos(ax)$$

where a and n are positive constants. Compute  $\frac{dy}{dx}$ . Your answer may include a and n. You must show every step of your work.

Solution:

$$\frac{d}{dx}(xy^n) = \frac{d}{dx}(\cos(ax))$$
$$x \cdot \left(ny^{n-1}\frac{dy}{dx}\right) + 1 \cdot y^n = -a\sin(ax)$$
$$\left(nxy^{n-1}\right)\frac{dy}{dx} = -a\sin(x) - y^n$$
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{-a\sin(ax) - y^n}{nxy^{n-1}}$$

Answer: 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} =$$
\_\_\_\_\_ $\frac{-a\sin(ax) - y^n}{nxy^{n-1}}$ 

11. [8 points] The differentiable function f(x) is defined for all real numbers. Additionally, f(x) has exactly two critical points, at x = 0 and x = 5. A table of values of f(x) is given below.

x	-2	1	3	7
f(x)	2	4	9	5

For parts **a.**–**d.**, circle <u>**all**</u> correct choices.

- **a**. [2 points] On which of the following interval(s) must f'(x) always be negative?
  - (-2,0) (0,1) (1,5) (5,7)

**b.** [2 points] On which of the following interval(s) must there be a point c for which f'(c) = -1?

- $(-\infty, -2)$  (-2, 1) (1, 3) (3)
- c. [2 points] On the interval [0, 6], at which of the following point(s) does f(x) attain its global maximum? If there is not enough information to determine this, circle NOT ENOUGH INFO.
  - x = 0 x = 1 x = 5 x = 6 NOT ENOUGH INFO
- **d**. [2 points] On the interval [-2, 5], at which of the following point(s) does f(x) attain its global minimum? If there is not enough information to determine this, circle NOT ENOUGH INFO.
  - x = -2 x = 0 x = 2 x = 5 Not enough info

NONE OF THESE

NONE OF THESE

(5,7)