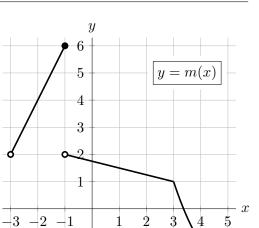
## **1**. [9 points]

The graph of the function m(x) is shown to the right. Note that:

- m(x) is linear on (-3, -1] and on (-1, 3],
- m(x) is quadratic on [3, 5], and
- there is a corner at x = 3.

For parts **a.**–**d.**, find the **exact** values, or write DNE if the value does not exist. Your answers should not include the letter m but you do not need to simplify.

**a**. [1 point] Find m''(1).





1

-1

-2

**b.** [2 points] Let  $A(x) = \frac{m(x)}{x}$ . Find A'(-2).

**Answer:** A'(-2) = \_\_\_\_\_

**c.** [2 points] Let  $B(x) = m(x) \ln(3x)$ . Find B'(1).

**Answer:** B'(1) = \_\_\_\_\_

**d**. [2 points] Let  $C(x) = m^{-1}(x)$ . Find C'(1).

**Answer:** C'(1) = \_\_\_\_\_

e. [2 points] On which of the following intervals does m(x) satisfy the hypotheses of the Mean Value Theorem? Circle all correct answers.

> [-1, 2][0, 5][3, 5]NONE OF THESE