11. [5 points] A curve $\mathcal{C}$ gives $y$ as an implicit function of $x$. The curve $\mathcal{C}$ passes through the point $(1,2)$ and satisfies

$$
\frac{d y}{d x}=\frac{y^{2}-2 x y+4 y-5}{4(y-x)}
$$

a. [1 point] One of the values below is the slope of the curve $\mathcal{C}$ at the point (1,2). Circle that one value.

Answer: $\begin{array}{lllllllll}\text { The slope at }(1,2) \text { is } & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{5}{8} & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{3}{4} & \frac{4}{5}\end{array}$
b. [4 points] One of the following graphs is the graph of the curve $\mathcal{C}$.

Which of the graphs I-VI is it? To receive any credit on this question, you must circle your answer next to the word "Answer" below.







Remember: To receive any credit on this question, you must circle your answer next to the word "Answer" below.

Answer: I II III IV VI

