2. [10 points] Let $R(x)$ be a polynomial whose first and second derivatives are given below.

$$
R^{\prime}(x)=(x-1)^{7}(x+2)^{4} \quad \text { and } \quad R^{\prime \prime}(x)=(11 x+10)(x-1)^{6}(x+2)^{3}
$$

a. [6 points] Find the $x$-coordinates of the inflection points of $R(x)$. Use calculus to find and justify your answers, and show enough evidence to demonstrate that you have found them all. Write none if the function $R(x)$ has no points of inflection.

Inflection points of $R(x)$ are at $x=$ $\qquad$
b. [4 points] Find the quadratic approximation $G(x)$ of $R(x)$ at the point $(-1,5)$ on the graph of $R(x)$. Show all your work.
(Recall that a formula for the quadratic approximation $Q(x)$ of a function $f(x)$ at $x=a$ is $Q(x)=f(a)+f^{\prime}(a)(x-a)+\frac{f^{\prime \prime}(a)}{2}(x-a)^{2}$.)

$$
G(x)=
$$

$\qquad$

