4. [10 points] Let f(x) be the differentiable function defined by

$$f(x) = x^3 + \cos(x^3)$$
, so  $f'(x) = 3x^2(1 - \sin(x^3))$ .

For each part below, you must use calculus to find and justify your answers. Clearly state your conclusions and show enough evidence to support them. You may use the graphs of sine and cosine given on the front page, if necessary. Recall that  $\pi \approx 3.14$ .

**a.** [3 points] The function f(x) has exactly three critical points in the interval (-1,2). Find them. Give exact answers, and show your work.

**Answer:** f(x) has critical points at x = \_\_\_\_\_

**b.** [4 points] Find the x-coordinates of all *local* minima and maxima of f(x) on the interval (-1, 2). If there are none of a particular type, write NONE. Justify your answers.

**Answer:** Local min(s) at x = \_\_\_\_\_ and Local max(es) at x = \_\_\_\_

c. [3 points] Find the x-coordinates of all global minima and maxima of f(x) on the interval [-1, 1]. If there are none of a particular type, write NONE.

**Answer:** Global min(s) at x = \_\_\_\_\_ and Global max(es) at x = \_\_\_\_\_

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