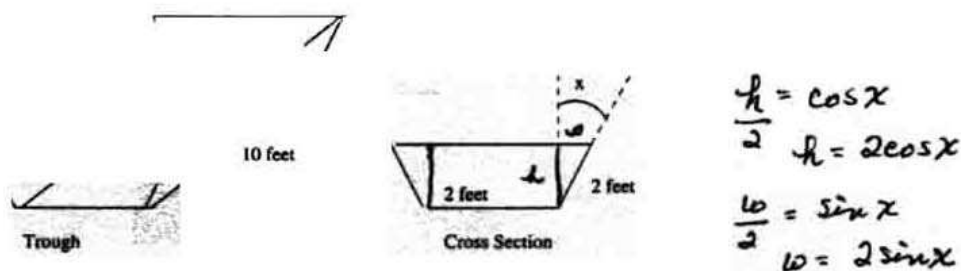


10. (10 points) A trough, as shown in the figure, is to be made with a base that is 2 feet wide and 10 feet long. The sides of the trough are also 2 feet wide by 10 feet long and are to be placed so that they make an angle  $x$  with the vertical.



(a) What is the area, in terms of  $x$ , of a cross section of the trough perpendicular its long side? What is the volume of the trough? Show your work.

$$A(x) = 2(2 \cos x) + 2 \left( \frac{1}{2} (2 \sin x)(2 \cos x) \right) = 4 \cos x + 4 \cos x \sin x \text{ ft}^2$$

$$V(x) = 10(4 \cos x + 4 \cos x \sin x) \text{ ft}^3$$

(b) What angle  $x$  will give the trough of largest volume, and what is that volume? Explain how you found your answer, along with any supporting evidence (you may use your calculator).

$$V'(x) = 40(-\sin x + \cos x(\cos x) - \sin x \sin x)$$

$$= 40(-\sin x + \cos^2 x - \sin^2 x)$$

$$= 40(-\sin x + 1 - \sin^2 x - \sin^2 x)$$

$$40(1 - \sin x - 2\sin^2 x)$$

$$V' = 0 \text{ if } (1 - 2\sin x)(1 + \sin x) = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \sin x = \frac{1}{2} \text{ or } \sin x = -1$$

*can be excluded*

It makes sense to restrict  $x$ ,  $0 \leq x \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$ , so CP on that

interval is @  $x = \frac{\pi}{6}$ .  $V(0) = 40$

$$V\left(\frac{\pi}{2}\right) = 0$$

$$+ V\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right) \approx 51.96$$

} So max occurs when  $x = \frac{\pi}{6}$  & max volume is  $\approx 52 \text{ ft}^3$ .