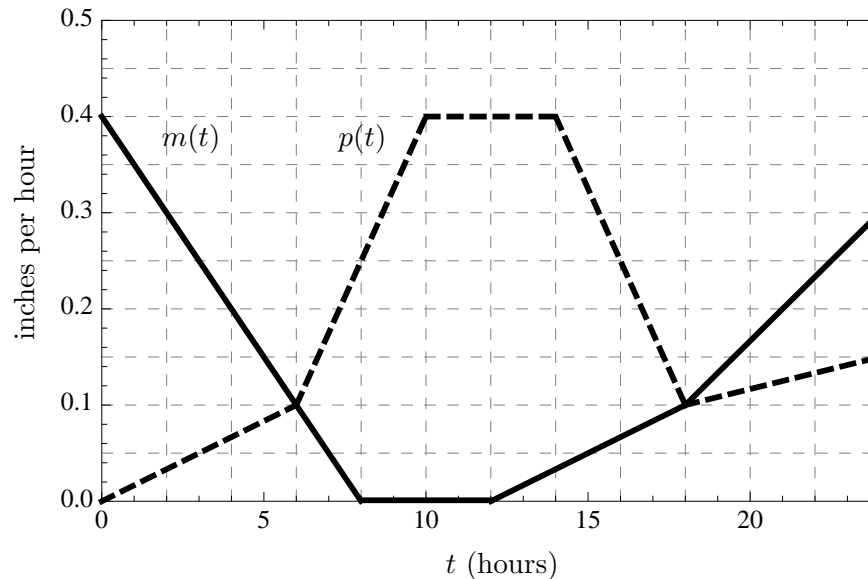


3. [16 points] Suppose the graph below shows the rate of snow melt and snowfall on Mount Arvon, the highest peak in Michigan (at a towering 1970 ft), during a day (24 hour period) in April of last year. The function  $m(t)$  (the solid curve) is the rate of snow melt, in inches per hour,  $t$  hours after the beginning of the day. The function  $p(t)$  (the dashed curve) is the snowfall rate in inches per hour  $t$  hours after beginning of the day. There were 18 inches of snow on the ground at the beginning of the day.



- a. [2 points] Over what time period(s) was the snowfall rate greater than the snow melt rate?
- b. [2 points] When was the amount of snow on Mount Arvon increasing the fastest? When was it decreasing the fastest?
- c. [3 points] When was the amount of snow on Mount Arvon the greatest? Explain.
- d. [3 points] How much snow was there on Mount Arvon at the end of the day (at  $t = 24$ )? Show work.

## 3. (continued)

- e. [6 points] The graph of  $p(t)$  is repeated below. On the empty set of axes, sketch a well-labeled graph of  $P(t)$ , an antiderivative of  $p(t)$  satisfying  $P(0) = 0$ . Label and give the coordinates of the points on the graph of  $P(t)$  at  $t = 10$  and  $t = 18$ .

