11. [8 points] You are not required to show your work on this page.
a. [2 points] A function $f(x)$ is differentiable. Some values of $f$ and $f^{\prime}$ are shown in the table below.

| $x$ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $f(x)$ | 3 | 4 | 1 | -1 | -2 |
| $f^{\prime}(x)$ | 2 | -2 | -3 | 0 | 3 |

Let $g(x)=\cos \left(\frac{\pi}{2} f(x)\right)$. Which of the following values of $x$ must be a critical point of $g(x)$ ? Circle all such values.
0
$1 \quad 2$
3
4
NONE OF THESE
b. [2 points] Which of the following expressions gives the linear approximation for $\arctan (x)$ near $x=1$ ? Circle all such expressions.
i. $\frac{\pi}{4}+\frac{1}{2}(x-1)$
iii. $\frac{1}{1+x^{2}}+\frac{\pi}{4}(x-1)$
v. NONE OF THESE
ii. $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{\pi}{4}(x-1)$
iv. $\arctan (x)+\frac{1}{2}(x-1)$
c. [2 points] Which of the following functions are antiderivatives of $f(x)=\frac{1}{x}$ ? Circle all such functions.
i. $\ln (|x+1|)$
iii. $\ln (|x|)+2$
v. $4 \ln (|x|)$
ii. $\ln (|x|)$
iv. $\ln (4|x|)$
vi. None of these
d. [2 points] Suppose $n$ is a positive integer, $f$ is a decreasing, continuous function on the interval [2,6], the value of the left Riemann sum with $n$ equal subdivisions for $\int_{2}^{6} f(x) d x$ is $A$, and $f(2)=f(6)+8$. Circle all the statements that must be true.
i. $A$ is an overestimate for $\int_{2}^{6} f(x) d x$.
ii. $\int_{2}^{6} f(x) d x=8$.
iii. $\int_{1}^{5} f(x+1) d x=\int_{2}^{6} f(x) d x$.
iv. The left Riemann sum for $\int_{2}^{6}(f(x))^{2} d x$ with $n$ equal subdivisions is equal to $A^{2}$.
v. None of these

