6. [5 points] Consider the differentiable function Z defined by

$$Z(v) = \begin{cases} \frac{e^{v-1} - v}{(v-1)^2} & \text{if } v \neq 1\\ \frac{1}{2} & \text{if } v = 1. \end{cases}$$

Use the limit definition of the derivative to write an explicit expression for Z'(1). Your answer should not involve the letter Z. Do not attempt to evaluate or simplify the limit. Please write your final answer in the answer box provided below.

Answer:
$$Z'(1) =$$

7. [6 points] Consider the family of functions

$$g(x) = 16r^3\ln(|x|) + \frac{1}{3}k^3x^3$$

where r and k are nonzero constants. Note that

$$g'(x) = \frac{1}{x}(k^3x^3 + 16r^3)$$
 and $g''(x) = \frac{1}{x^2}(2k^3x^3 - 16r^3).$

Find values of r and k so that g(x) has an inflection point at (1,9). Be sure to justify that (1,9) is in fact an inflection point of g(x) for your choice of r and k.