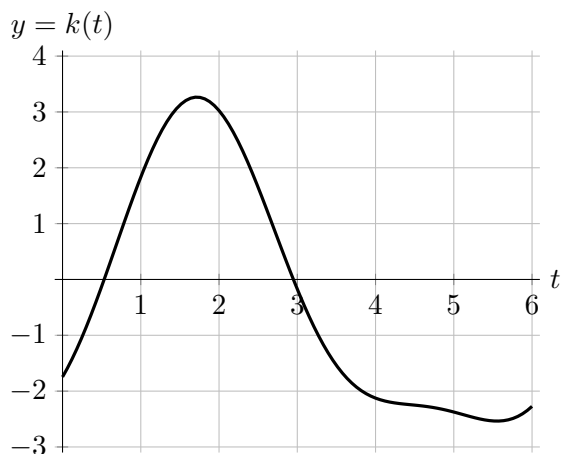


3. [8 points] A group of biologists is studying the population of trout in a lake. Let  $k(t)$  be the rate at which the population of trout changes, in thousands of trout per month,  $t$  months after the biologists started their study, and let  $P(t)$  be the population of trout, in thousands,  $t$  months after the study begins. The graph of  $y = k(t)$  is shown below for  $0 \leq t \leq 6$ .



- a. [4 points] Fill in the numbers I. - V. in the blanks below to list the quantities in order from least to greatest.

I. The number zero.

IV.  $\int_3^5 k(t) dt$

II.  $P(4) - P(1)$

III.  $\int_1^3 k(t) dt$

V.  $\int_3^5 k(5) dt$

\_\_\_\_\_  $\leq$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\leq$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\leq$  \_\_\_\_\_  $\leq$  \_\_\_\_\_

- b. [3 points] Suppose  $P(2) = 8.6$ . Use the graph to find a formula for  $L(t)$ , the linear approximation for  $P(t)$  near  $t = 2$ .

**Answer:**  $L(t) =$  \_\_\_\_\_

- c. [1 point] Use  $L(t)$  to approximate the population of trout, in thousands, 1.75 months after the study starts.

**Answer:** \_\_\_\_\_