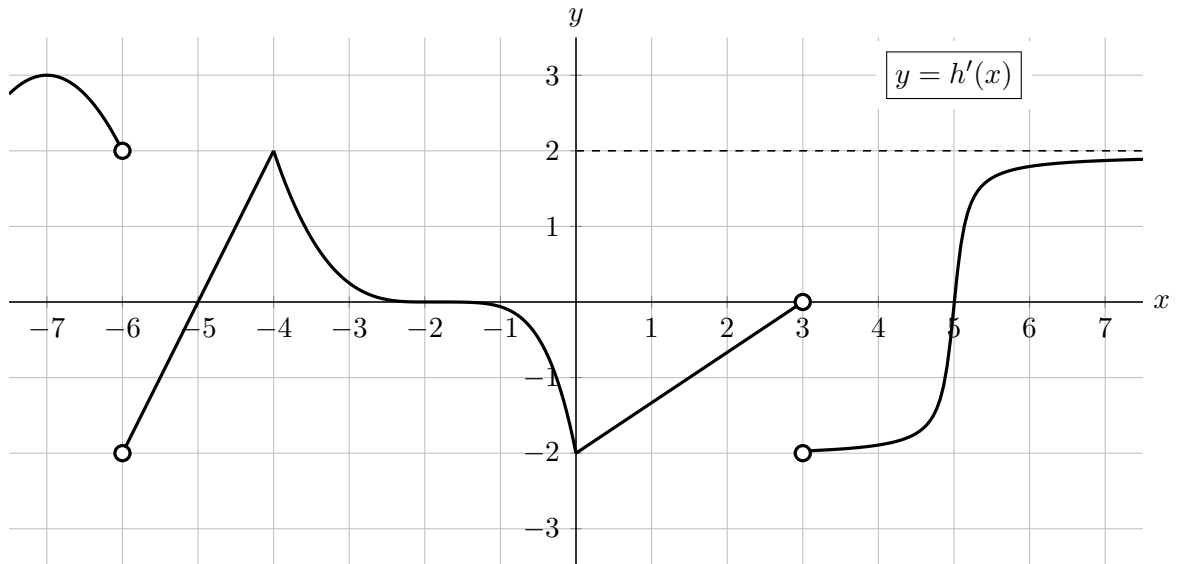


11. [15 points] A function  $h(x)$  is defined and continuous on  $(-\infty, \infty)$ . A portion of the graph of  $h'(x)$ , **the derivative of  $h(x)$** , is shown below. Note that  $y = 2$  is a horizontal asymptote of  $y = h'(x)$ .



In each part **a.–f.** below, circle all correct choices.

- a. [2 points] At which of the following value(s) does  $h(x)$  have a critical point?

$x = -7$         $x = -5$        $x = 0$         $x = 3$       NONE OF THESE

- b. [2 points] At which of the following value(s) does  $h(x)$  have a local maximum?

$x = -6$        $x = -4$         $x = -2$        $x = 5$       NONE OF THESE

- c. [2 points] At which of the following value(s) does  $h''(x)$  have a local maximum?

$x = -7$         $x = -2$         $x = 5$        $x = 6$       NONE OF THESE

- d. [2 points] At which of the following value(s) does  $h(x)$  have an inflection point?

$x = -6$        $x = -2$         $x = 0$        $x = 3$       NONE OF THESE

- e. [2 points] On which of the following interval(s) is the average value of  $h'(x)$  positive?

$[-5, 0]$         $[-4, -2]$        $[4, 5]$       NONE OF THESE

- f. [2 points] On which of the following interval(s) is the average rate of change of  $h'(x)$  positive?

$[-5, 0]$        $[-4, -2]$         $[4, 5]$       NONE OF THESE

- g. [3 points] Find the following limits. If there is not enough information, write NEI. If a limit diverges to  $\infty$  or  $-\infty$  or if the limit does not exist for any other reason, write DNE.

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} h(x) = \underline{\text{DNE}} \qquad \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} h'(x) = \underline{2}$$