

4. (2 points each—no partial credit) Suppose  $\int_a^b f(x)dx = 2$  and  $\int_a^b g(x)dx = 6$ . Evaluate the following expressions, if possible. If the expression cannot be evaluated with what is given, simply indicate "Insufficient information." Assume that all functions are continuous on the interval  $[a, b]$ .

(a)  $\int_a^b (g(x))^2 dx - (\int_a^b g(x) dx)^2$

Insufficient information: we are not given the value of  $\int_a^b (g(x))^2 dx$ .

(b)  $\int_a^a (h(x)) dx$

This integral is equal to 0, since the integral of any function from a point to itself is zero.

(c)  $\int_{a+2}^{b+2} f(x-2) dx$

This integral is equal to 2 since it is equal to  $\int_a^b f(x) dx$ .

(d)  $\int_a^b (f(x)g(x)) dx$

Insufficient information. We do not know how to evaluate the integral of a product of two arbitrary functions.

(e)  $\int_b^a (g(x)) dx$

This equals  $-\int_a^b g(x) dx = -6$ .