2. (12 points) Suppose that f and g are continuous functions and $\int_0^2 f(x)dx = 5$ and $\int_0^2 g(x)dx = 13$. Compute the following. If the computation cannot be made because something is missing, explain clearly what is missing.

(a)
$$\int_{4}^{6} f(x-4)dx = \int_{0}^{2} f(x)dx = 5$$

(b)
$$\int_{-2}^{0} 2g(-t)dt = 2\int_{0}^{2} g(t)dt = 2(13) = 26$$

(c)
$$\int_{2}^{0} (f(y) + 2)dy = -\int_{0}^{2} f(y)dy - \int_{0}^{2} 2dy = -(5) - 4 = -9$$

(d)
$$\int_2^2 g(x)dx = \mathbf{0}$$

(e) Suppose that f is an even function. Compute the average value of f from -2 to 2.

$$\frac{1}{2 - (-2)} \int_{-2}^{2} f(x) dx = \frac{1}{4} \left(2 \int_{0}^{2} f(x) dx \right) = \frac{1}{2} (5) = \frac{5}{2}$$