4. [12 points]

Chocolate poured in here

Having taken care of Sebastian and sent Erin into the hands of the *Illumisqati*, King Roderick is pleased that his plan is proceeding well. Our wicked villain decides to relax with a handmade chocolate before he heads to his farmhouse. The process of making the chocolate involves pouring molten chocolate into a mould. The mould is a cone with height 60 mm and base radius 20 mm. Roderick places the mould on the ground and begins pouring the chocolate through the apex of the cone. A diagram of the situation is shown on the right.



In case they are helpful, recall the following formulas for a cone of radius r and height h: Volume $=\frac{1}{2}\pi r^2 h$ and Surface Area $=\pi r(r+\sqrt{h^2+r^2}).$

a. [6 points] Let g be the depth of the chocolate, in mm, as shown in the diagram above. What is the value of q when Roderick has poured a total of 20,000 mm³ of chocolate into the mould? Show your work carefully, and make sure your answer is accurate to at least two decimal places.

Solution: The volume of the solid is given by $V = \frac{1}{3}\pi(20)^2 60 - \frac{1}{3}\pi r^2(60-g)$ where r is the radius of the cross-section at height g. We want to rewrite r in terms of g. Using similar triangles

we find the equation $\frac{r}{20} = \frac{60-g}{60}$, which implies $r = \frac{60-g}{3}$. Therefore, $V = 8000\pi - \frac{\pi}{27}(60-g)^3$. So, to find the appropriate g we need to solve $8000\pi - \frac{\pi}{27}(60-g)^3 = 20,000$. Solving, we get

$$(60 - g)^3 = \frac{27}{\pi} (8000\pi - 20,000), \tag{2}$$

which implies $g = 60 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{27}{\pi}(8000\pi - 20,000)} \approx 24.67$. The chocolate is approximately 24.67 mm deep when he has poured a total of $20,000 \text{ mm}^3$ of chocolate into the mould.

Answer:
$$g \approx$$
_____24.67

b. [6 points] How fast is the depth of the chocolate in the mould (q in the diagram above) changing when Roderick has already poured 20,000 mm³ of chocolate into the mould if he is pouring at a rate of 5,000 mm³ per second at this time? Show your work carefully and make sure your answer is accurate to at least two decimal places. Be sure to include units.

Solution: We want to find $\frac{dg}{dt}$ when $g = 60 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{27}{\pi}(8000\pi - 20,000)}$ (from part (a)) if $\frac{dV}{dt} = 5000$ at this time. Differentiating our formula (2) from part (a) with respect to t, we have

$$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{\pi}{9}(60-g)^2 \frac{dg}{dt}$$

Substituting $g = 60 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{27}{\pi}(8000\pi - 20,000)}$ and $\frac{dV}{dt} = 5000$ into this equation, we find

$$5000 = \frac{\pi}{9} \left(60 - \left[60 - \sqrt[3]{\frac{27}{\pi}} (8000\pi - 20,000) \right] \right)^2 \frac{dg}{dt} \quad \text{so}$$
$$\frac{dg}{dt} = \frac{5000 \cdot 9}{\pi} \left(\frac{27}{\pi} (8000\pi - 20,000) \right)^{-2/3} \approx 11.47.$$

(Using our approximation $g \approx 24.67$ instead gives us $\frac{dg}{dt} \approx 11.48$.) So the depth of the chocolate is increasing at an instantaneous rate of about 11.47 mm/sec at that moment.