5. [10 points] Ivan is walking back and forth along a straight line represented by the x-axis, and his position in meters along this path t seconds after 12 noon is given by x = f(t). Suppose f(0) = 0, so Ivan is f(t) meters east of his starting point t seconds after noon, for all  $0 \le t \le 100$ . Assume Ivan starts out walking eastward, with positive velocity, but at 12:01 is west of his starting point.

Match each expression on the left with the <u>one</u> letter (a) - (h) that it represents, or else write "x" if does not represent any of (a) - (h). Assume all units in (a) - (h) match those given in the introduction above, i.e., meters or meters per second, as appropriate.

Note: any particular letter (a) - (h) may appear once, more than once, or not at all.

- i. \_\_\_\_\_ |f(60)|
- ii. \_\_\_\_\_ f'(60)
- iii. \_\_\_\_\_ |f'(60)|
- iv. \_\_\_\_\_  $\frac{f(60) f(0)}{60 0}$
- v. \_\_\_\_  $\left| \frac{f(60) f(0)}{60 0} \right|$
- vi. \_\_\_\_\_  $\int_{0}^{60} f(t) dt$
- vii. \_\_\_\_\_  $\int_0^{60} f'(t) dt$
- viii. \_\_\_\_\_  $\int_{0}^{60} |f'(t)| dt$
- ix.  $\frac{1}{60-0} \int_0^{60} f'(t) dt$
- x.  $\lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f(60+h) f(60)}{h}$

- (a) Ivan's net change in position between 12:00 and 12:01.
- (b) The total distance Ivan travels between 12:00 and 12:01.
- (c) Ivan's average velocity between 12:00 and 12:01.
- (d) Ivan's average speed between 12:00 and 12:01.
- (e) Ivan's instantaneous velocity at 12:01.
- (f) Ivan's instantaneous speed at 12:01.
- (g) The furthest distance Ivan gets from his starting point between 12:00 and 12:01.
- (h) The distance from Ivan's starting point to his position at 12:01.
- (x) NONE OF (a) (h).