

Math 116 — Second Midterm — November 11, 2025

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Your Initials Only: _____ Your 8-digit UMID number (not unickname): _____

Instructor Name: _____ Section #: _____

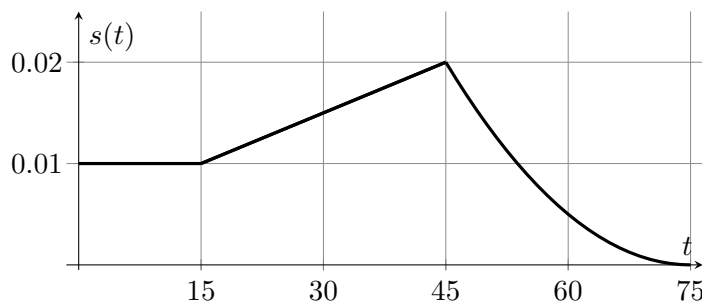
1. Please neatly write your 8-digit UMID number, your initials, your instructor's first and/or last name, and your section number in the spaces provided.
2. This exam has 12 pages including this cover.
3. There are 10 problems. Note that the problems are not of equal difficulty, so you may want to skip over and return to a problem on which you are stuck.
4. Please read the instructions for each individual problem carefully. One of the skills being tested on this exam is your ability to interpret mathematical questions, so instructors will not answer questions about exam problems during the exam.
5. Show an appropriate amount of work (including appropriate explanation) for each problem, so that graders can see not only your answer but how you obtained it.
6. If you need more space to answer a question, please use the back of an exam page. Clearly indicate on your exam if you are using the back of a page, and also clearly label the problem number and part you are doing on the back of the page.
7. You are allowed notes written on two sides of a 3" × 5" note card. You are NOT allowed other resources, including, but not limited to, notes, calculators or other electronic devices.
8. For any graph or table that you use to find an answer, be sure to sketch the graph or write out the entries of the table. In either case, include an explanation of how you used the graph or table to find the answer.
9. Include units in your answer where that is appropriate.
10. Problems may ask for answers in *exact form*. Recall that $x = \sqrt{2}$ is a solution in exact form to the equation $x^2 = 2$, but $x = 1.41421356237$ is not.
11. You must use the methods learned in this course to solve all problems.

Problem	Points	Score
1	9	
2	9	
3	8	
4	7	
5	7	

Problem	Points	Score
6	12	
7	15	
8	12	
9	10	
10	11	
Total	100	

1. [9 points] Steph times their study sessions. Let t be the length in minutes, and let $s(t)$ be the probability density function for t . A portion of the graph of $s(t)$ is shown below. Also note that $s(t)$:

- is continuous;
- is constant for $0 \leq t \leq 15$;
- is linear for $15 \leq t \leq 45$;
- is concave up for $45 \leq t \leq 75$.



- a. [3 points] Find the proportion of Steph's study sessions that last between 15 minutes and 45 minutes. You do not need to simplify your answer but you should show your work.

Answer: _____

- b. [3 points] Which of the statements below is best supported by the expression $s(55) \approx 0.01$? Circle the **one** best statement. No justification is required.

- i. Approximately 0.01% of sessions last *exactly* 55 minutes.
- ii. Approximately 1% of sessions last between 54 and 56 minutes.
- iii. Approximately 2% of sessions last between 54 and 56 minutes.
- iv. Approximately 10% of sessions last between 55 and 56 minutes.
- v. Approximately 55% of sessions last around 0.01 minutes.

- c. [3 points] Do any sessions last longer than 75 minutes? Give a brief explanation of your answer.
 Circle one: YES NO NOT ENOUGH INFORMATION

Explanation:

2. [9 points] Let t (in minutes) denote the time Audrey waits for the *Bursley-Baits* shuttle to arrive. Observations show that the **probability density function** (pdf) of her wait time (in minutes) is of the form

$$p(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 0, \\ 2\lambda t e^{-\lambda t^2} & t \geq 0, \end{cases}$$

where λ is a positive constant.

Throughout this problem, show all your work, and write your answers in exact form.

- a. [5 points] Suppose that Audrey's median wait time for the Bursley-Baits shuttle is 1 minute. Find the value of λ .

Answer: _____

Sometimes Audrey takes the *Northwood Express* shuttle. For the Northwood Express shuttle, Audrey's wait time (in minutes) follows a **cumulative distribution function** (cdf) of the form

$$Q(t) = \begin{cases} 0, & t < 0, \\ 1 - (\lambda t + 1)e^{-\lambda t} & t \geq 0, \end{cases}$$

where λ is the **same** as in part a.

- b. [2 points] When Audrey takes the Northwood Express shuttle, what is the fraction of rides where Audrey waits for 1 minute or less for the shuttle to arrive? Your final answer should not involve λ .

Answer: _____

- c. [2 points] Audrey wants to choose the shuttle that has a lower median wait time. Which one should she choose? Explain your answer.

Circle one: THE BURSLEY-BAITS SHUTTLE THE NORTHWOOD EXPRESS SHUTTLE

Explanation:

3. [8 points]

- a. [5 points] Show that the following limit converges and compute the limit. Fully justify your answer including using **proper limit notation**.

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} n^2 \left(1 - \cos \left(\frac{1}{n} \right) \right)$$

Answer: _____

- b. [3 points] Use part **a.** to determine if the following series converges or diverges, and circle the corresponding word. **Fully justify** your answer including using **proper notation** and showing mechanics of any tests you use.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2 \left(1 - \cos \left(\frac{1}{n} \right) \right)$$

Circle one:

Converges

Diverges

Justification:

4. [7 points] **Compute** the value of the following improper integral if it converges.
If it does not converge, use a **direct computation** of the integral to show its divergence.
Be sure to show your full computation, and be sure to use **proper notation**.

$$\int_0^{\sqrt{8}} \frac{x}{(8-x^2)^{1/3}} dx$$

Circle one: **Diverges** **Converges to** _____

5. [7 points] Determine whether the following improper integral converges or diverges and circle the corresponding word. **Fully justify** your answer including using **proper notation** and showing mechanics of any tests you use. You do not need to calculate the value of the integral if it converges.

$$\int_2^{\infty} \frac{x+1}{5x^3 + 3x^3 \sin x} dx$$

Circle one:

Converges

Diverges

Justification:

a. [6 points] For each of the following sequences or series described below, defined for $n \geq 1$, determine whether they must converge, must diverge, or whether there is not enough information. Circle your answers. No justification is required.

Circle one: **Converges** **Diverges** **Not Enough Information**

Circle one: Converges Diverges Not Enough Information

Circle one: **Converges** **Diverges** **Not Enough Information**

(i) $r_n = \cos(2\pi n) \left(\frac{5}{4}\right)^n$

Monotone Increasing	Monotone Decreasing	Not Monotone
Bounded	Unbounded	

$$(ii) \ s_n = \frac{(-1)^n}{1 + \ln(n)}$$

Monotone Increasing	Monotone Decreasing	Not Monotone
Bounded	Unbounded	

$$\text{(iii) } t_n = \int_1^{n^3} 2^{-x} \, dx$$

Monotone Increasing	Monotone Decreasing	Not Monotone
Bounded	Unbounded	

7. [15 points]

- a. [7 points] Determine if the following series converges or diverges using the **Limit Comparison Test**, and circle the corresponding word. **Fully justify** your answer including using **proper notation** and showing mechanics of any tests you use.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{3n-2}{\sqrt{4n^3-5n^2+3}}$$

Circle one:

Converges

Diverges

*Justification (using the **Limit Comparison Test**):*

- b. [8 points] Determine if the following series absolutely converges, conditionally converges, or diverges, and circle the corresponding word. **Fully justify** your answer including using **proper notation** and showing mechanics of any tests you use.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{1}{\sqrt{n} + 1}$$

Circle one: **Converges Absolutely** **Converges Conditionally** **Diverges**

Justification:

8. [12 points] Melissa runs an operation to remove pesticides from a local lake. Initially there are 200kg of pesticides in the lake. The operation runs from 10am till 10pm each day, and by 10pm each day, the mass of pesticides in the lake is always $p\%$ lower than it was at 10am, where p is a constant. From 10pm till 10am each night, runoff from local rivers adds 12kg of pesticides back into the lake.
- a. [5 points] Let S_n denote the total mass of pesticides, in kg, in the lake at 10pm on the n th day of operation. Find expressions for the values of S_1 , S_2 and S_3 . You do not need to simplify your expressions, and they may be given in terms of p .

Answer: $S_1 =$ _____

Answer: $S_2 =$ _____

Answer: $S_3 =$ _____

- b. [5 points] Find a closed-form expression for S_n . Closed form means your answer should not include ellipses or sigma notation, and should NOT be recursive. You do not need to simplify your expression and it may be given in terms of p .

Answer: $S_n =$ _____

- c. [2 points] Melissa aims to make sure that, in the long run, the mass of pesticides in the lake at 10pm each day approaches 28kg. What is the smallest value of p that will ensure that Melissa meets her goal? Show all of your work.

Answer: $p =$ _____

9. [10 points]

- a. [7 points] Determine the **radius** of convergence for the following power series. Show all of your work. You do not need to find the interval of convergence.

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{(3n)!}{5^n ((n+1)!)^3} (x-4)^{2n}$$

Answer: _____

- b. [3 points] Suppose the power series $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} C_n(x-a)^n$ has radius of convergence 3, and that the series diverges for $x = 7$ and converges for $x = 10$. Which of the following could be the value of a ? Circle **all** correct options.

i. 4 ii. 7 iii. 10 iv. 13 v. 16 vi. NONE OF THESE

10. [11 points] The following parts are unrelated. Throughout this problem, justification is not required.

a. [3 points] Which of the following represent power series in the variable x ? Circle **all** options which apply.

i. $x + x^3 + x^7 + x^{10} + \cdots$ v. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (\sin x)^n$

ii. $\frac{1}{x-1} + \frac{1}{(x-1)^2} + \frac{1}{(x-1)^3} + \cdots$ vi. $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^n x^n$

iii. $1 + (x-1)^2 + (x-2)^3 + (x-3)^4 + \cdots$ vii. $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{x^{n/2}}{n}$

iv. $x^{10} + 3x^3 + 12$ viii. NONE OF THESE

b. [2 points] Suppose $p(x)$ is a probability density function (pdf) for a statistic which has mean value 4. Find the exact value of $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (2x+3)p(x) \, dx$.

Answer: _____

c. [6 points] For the following questions, determine if the statement is ALWAYS true, SOMETIMES true, or NEVER true, and circle the corresponding answer.

(i) Let $g(x)$ be a positive, decreasing, and continuous function. Suppose that for all n , $s_n = \int_n^{n+1} g(x) \, dx$. Then the sequence s_n converges.

Circle one: **ALWAYS** **SOMETIMES** **NEVER**

(ii) Let $b_n \geq 0$ and $c_n \geq 0$ for all n . Suppose that the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n$ converges and that the sequence c_n diverges. Then the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} b_n c_n$ diverges.

Circle one: **ALWAYS** **SOMETIMES** **NEVER**

(iii) Let $F(x)$ be a cumulative distribution function (cdf) that is continuous for all x . Then the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (F(n+1) - F(n))$ converges.

Circle one: **ALWAYS** **SOMETIMES** **NEVER**