# Math 116 - First Midterm 

February 8, 2010

Name: $\qquad$
Instructor: $\qquad$ Section: $\qquad$

1. Do not open this exam until you are told to do so.
2. This exam has 10 pages including this cover. There are 10 problems. Note that the problems are not of equal difficulty, so you may want to skip over and return to a problem on which you are stuck.
3. Do not separate the pages of this exam. If they do become separated, write your name on every page and point this out to your instructor when you hand in the exam.
4. Please read the instructions for each individual problem carefully. One of the skills being tested on this exam is your ability to interpret mathematical questions, so instructors will not answer questions about exam problems during the exam.
5. Show an appropriate amount of work (including appropriate explanation) for each problem, so that graders can see not only your answer but how you obtained it. Include units in your answer where that is appropriate.
6. You may use any calculator except a TI-92 (or other calculator with a full alphanumeric keypad). However, you must show work for any calculation which we have learned how to do in this course. You are also allowed two sides of a $3^{\prime \prime} \times 5^{\prime \prime}$ note card.
7. If you use graphs or tables to find an answer, be sure to include an explanation and sketch of the graph, and to write out the entries of the table that you use.
8. Turn off all cell phones and pagers, and remove all headphones.

| Problem | Points | Score |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 11 |  |
| 2 | 13 |  |
| 3 | 8 |  |
| 4 | 12 |  |
| 5 | 10 |  |
| 6 | 12 |  |
| 7 | 7 |  |
| 8 | 6 |  |
| 9 | 6 |  |
| 10 | 15 |  |
| Total | 100 |  |

1. [11 points] There is a classic result in mathematics, which states that the number of prime numbers less than any number $x \geq 2$ is approximated by the function $\operatorname{li}(x)=\int_{2}^{x} \frac{d t}{\ln t}$.
a. [3 points] Is $\operatorname{li}(x)$ increasing, decreasing, or neither for $x \geq 2$ ? Provide justification for your answer.
b. [3 points] Is li $(x)$ concave up, concave down, or neither for $x \geq 2$ ? Provide justification for your answer.
c. [5 points] Using Integration by Parts, put $\operatorname{li}(x)$ into the form

$$
\operatorname{li}(x)=f(x)+\int_{2}^{x} \frac{d t}{(\ln t)^{2}}
$$

What is $f(x)$ ?
2. [13 points] An ice cream cone has a height of 15 centimeters and the diameter of the top is 5 centimeters. The cone is filled with soft-serve ice cream such that the ice cream completely fills the cone, but does not exceed the top of the cone. The ice cream has a constant density of 2 grams per cubic centimeter.
a. [5 points] Write an expression for the approximate mass of ice cream contained in a circular cross-sectional slice that is located $h_{i}$ centimeters from the the bottom tip of the cone and has depth $\Delta h$ centimeters. Your answer may be in terms of $h_{i}$ and $\Delta h$. Don't forget to include units.
b. [4 points] Set up a definite integral that can be used to determine the EXACT total mass of ice cream that is filling the cone, then solve for this exact value. Include appropriate units in your answer.
c. [4 points] At what height above the tip of the cone is the center of mass of the ice cream? Give an EXACT answer, show all work, and include appropriate units.
3. [8 points] When a spaceship takes off it does not travel in a straight path as it ascends. Instead, it turns slightly east, so that it gains speed by traveling with the rotation of the earth. From mission control's point of view, the spaceship's path appears to follow the curve $y=\sqrt{1+10 x^{2}}-1$, where $y$ is the height in meters of the spaceship off the ground and $x$ is the horizontal movement in meters from the launch pad. After 20 seconds, the spaceship appears to be 1 kilometer high.
a. [2 points] Determine, to the nearest hundredth of a meter, the horizontal distance the spaceship has traveled from the launch pad at 20 seconds.
b. [6 points] From mission control's point of view, what is the total distance of the path the spaceship appears to have traveled throughout the first 20 seconds of its trip? Give your answer to the nearest hundredth of a meter, and be sure to show enough work to justify your answer.
4. [12 points] The function $f(x)=\int_{0}^{x} 10 e^{-t^{2}} d t$ appears frequently in statistical analysis.
a. [6 points] Without calculating them, order $\int_{0}^{2} f(x) d x, \operatorname{MID}(4)$, and $\operatorname{TRAP}(4)$ from smallest to biggest, where $\operatorname{MID}(4)$ and $\operatorname{TRAP}(4)$ are approximations for $\int_{0}^{2} f(x) d x$. Show all work to justify your answer.
b. [2 points] Consider the following table, which evaluates $f(x)=\int_{0}^{x} 10 e^{-t^{2}} d t$ for the specified values of $x$.

| $x$ | 0 | 0.5 | 1 | 1.5 | 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $f(x)$ | A | 4.613 | 7.468 | 8.562 | B |

What are the values of A and B ? Write your answers on the spaces provided, rounding to three decimal places.

$$
\mathrm{A}=\square \quad \mathrm{B}=
$$

c. [4 points] Using the table provided in part (b) and the answers you found in part (b), calculate $\operatorname{LEFT}(4)$ and RIGHT(4) to estimate the integral $\int_{0}^{2} f(x) d x$. Be sure to show enough work to support your answer.
5. [10 points] For each statement below, circle TRUE if the statement is always true; otherwise, circle FALSE. There is no partial credit on this page.
a. [2 points] The function $\frac{\sin x}{x}$ has an anti-derivative.

True
False
b. [2 points $] \frac{d}{d x} \int_{x}^{x^{2}} e^{t^{2}} d t=4 x^{3} e^{x^{4}}-2 x e^{x^{2}}$.

True
False
c. [2 points] The average of the function $f(x)=\frac{1}{x}$ from $x=1$ to $x=3$ is $\ln (\sqrt{3})$.

True
False
d. [2 points] $\int_{a}^{b} f(x) d x$ is greater than or equal to at least one of $\operatorname{LEFT}(\mathrm{n}), \operatorname{RIGHT}(\mathrm{n})$, $\operatorname{TRAP}(\mathrm{n})$, or $\operatorname{MID}(\mathrm{n})$ regardless of what $f(x)$ or $n$ is.

True False
e. [2 points] If $\int_{a}^{b} f(x) d x>0$ then $f(b)>f(a)$.
6. [12 points] The dimensions of a large in-ground reservoir are shown in the figure below. (The ends of the reservoir are trapezoids.) The top of the reservoir is at ground level. Currently, water fills the bottom 9 feet of the reservoir. Recall that the density of water is $62.4 \mathrm{lb} / \mathrm{ft}^{3}$.

a. [6 points] Write an expression that approximates the work done in lifting a horizontal slice of water that is $y_{i}$ feet below ground level to the ground's surface, given that the depth of the slice is $\Delta y$. Include appropriate units in your answer.
b. [6 points] How much work is done to pump all of the water currently in the reservoir to the ground's surface? Be sure to include units and show enough work to support your answer.
7. [7 points] Given is a graph of $g^{\prime}(x)$. Sketch a graph of $g(x)$ on the provided axes given that $g(0)=0$ and $g(x)$ is continuous. On your graph, label any local maxima, minima, and points of inflection.


8. [6 points] Suppose that $\int_{-3}^{8} f(x) d x=5$. Use this information to determine the values for the constants $a, b$, and $k$ that you are certain will satisfy the definite integral $\int_{a}^{b} k f(2 x) d x=5$. Write your answers on the spaces provided. You do not need to show your work for this problem.
$a=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$

$$
k=
$$

$\qquad$
9. [6 points] Suppose $f(x)=f^{\prime}(x)+3$. Determine the EXACT value of $\int_{0}^{1} e^{x} f^{\prime}(x) d x$ given that $f(0)=1$ and $f(1)=4$. Be sure to show enough work to support your answer.
10. [15 points] Consider the area between the curves $y=x^{2}$ and $y=x^{4}$ in the positive quadrant as shown in the graph below. Use this area to answer the following questions.

a. [5 points] Set up, but do not evaluate, a definite integral that describes the area described above. Write your final answer on the space provided.
b. [5 points] Set up, but do not evaluate, a definite integral that describes the volume of the solid generated by revolving the area described above about the line $y=2$. Write your final answer on the space provided.
c. [5 points] Set up, but do not evaluate, a definite integral that describes the volume of the solid whose base is the area described above and whose cross-sections perpendicular to the $x$-axis are squares.

