Math 116 — Second Midterm — March 20, 2017

Your Initials Only: _____ Your U-M ID # (not uniquame): _____

Instructor Name: _____

_____ Section #: _____

- 1. Do not open this exam until you are told to do so.
- 2. Do not write your name anywhere on this exam.
- 3. This exam has 10 pages including this cover. There are 10 problems. Note that the problems are not of equal difficulty, so you may want to skip over and return to a problem on which you are stuck.
- 4. Do not separate the pages of this exam. If they do become separated, write your UMID (not name) on every page and point this out to your instructor when you hand in the exam.
- 5. Note that the back of every page of the exam is blank, and, if needed, you may use this space for scratchwork. Clearly identify any of this work that you would like to have graded.
- 6. Please read the instructions for each individual problem carefully. One of the skills being tested on this exam is your ability to interpret mathematical questions, so instructors will not answer questions about exam problems during the exam.
- 7. Show an appropriate amount of work (including appropriate explanation) for each problem, so that graders can see not only your answer but how you obtained it.
- 8. The use of any networked device while working on this exam is <u>not</u> permitted.
- 9. You may use any one calculator that does not have an internet or data connection except a TI-92 (or other calculator with a "qwerty" keypad). However, you must show work for any calculation which we have learned how to do in this course. You are also allowed two sides of a single $3'' \times 5''$ notecard.
- 10. For any graph or table that you use to find an answer, be sure to sketch the graph or write out the entries of the table. In either case, include an explanation of how you used the graph or table to find the answer.
- 11. Include units in your answer where that is appropriate.
- 12. Problems may ask for answers in *exact form*. Recall that $x = \sqrt{2}$ is a solution in exact form to the equation $x^2 = 2$, but x = 1.41421356237 is <u>not</u>.
- 13. Turn off all cell phones, smartphones, and other electronic devices, and remove all headphones, earbuds, and smartwatches. Put all of these items away.

Problem	Points	Score	Problem	Points	Score
1	8		6	13	
2	12		7	10	
3	5		8	12	
4	6		9	12	
5	10		10	12	
			Total	100	

14. You must use the methods learned in this course to solve all problems.

1. [8 points] For each of the following, remember to show your work carefully.
a. [4 points] For which value(s) of k is the function

$$L(t) = e^{kt}$$

a solution to the differential equation L'' - L' = 6L? If there are no such values, write "NONE" in the answer blank.

Answer: k =_____

b. [4 points] For which value(s) of C is the function

$$y = (e^x - x - C)^{1/2}$$

a solution to the differential equation $2y\frac{dy}{dx} = y^2 + x$? If there are no such values, write "NONE" in the answer blank. 2. [12 points] Chancelor was doodling in his coloring book one Sunday afternoon when he drew an infinity symbol, or lemniscate. The picture he drew is the polar curve $r^2 = 16 \cos(2\theta)$, which is shown on the axes below. (The axes are measured in inches.)



a. [4 points] Chancelor decides to color the inside of the lemniscate red. Write, but do **not** evaluate, an expression involving one or more integrals that gives the total area, in square inches, that he has to fill in with red.

b. [4 points] He decides he wants to outline the right half (the portion to the right of the y-axis) of the lemniscate in blue. Write, but do **not** evaluate, an expression involving one or more integrals that gives the total length, in inches, of the outline he must draw in blue.

c. [4 points] Chancelor draws another picture of the same lemniscate, but this time also draws a picture of the circle $r = 2\sqrt{2}$. He would like to color the area that is inside the lemniscate but outside the circle purple. Write, but do **not** evaluate, an expression involving one or more integrals that gives the total area, in square inches, that he must fill in with purple.

3. [5 points] Sasha and her friends are sipping lemonade on her boat when the boat begins to leak through a new hole in the bottom. Water begins to enter the boat at a constant rate of 1.5 gallons per minute. Immediately, they spring into action and begin to scoop the water out of the boat using lemonade pitchers that hold 0.25 gallons of water. That rate that the water is scooped, in scoops per minute, is proportional to the cube root of the volume of water currently in the boat, with constant of proportionality k. Let W = W(t) be the volume of water in the boat, in gallons, t minutes after the leak begins. Write a differential equation that models W(t), and give an appropriate initial condition.



a. [4 points] Identify all equilibrium solutions of this differential equation. Then indicate which of these equilibrium solutions are stable. Write your answers on the answer blanks provided.

Answer: All Equilibrium Solutions: _____

Stable Equilibrium Solutions:

b. [2 points] Suppose that a solution to this differential equation passes through a point with C = 0.17. For this solution, what will happen to the value of C as $t \to \infty$?

5. [10 points] Let f(x) and g(x) be two functions that are differentiable on $(0, \infty)$ with continuous derivatives and which satisfy the following inequalities for all $x \ge 1$:

$$\frac{1}{x} \le f(x) \le \frac{1}{x^{1/2}}$$
 and $\frac{1}{x^2} \le g(x) \le \frac{1}{x^{3/4}}$.

For each of the following, determine whether the integral always, sometimes, or never converges. Indicate your answer by circling the one word that correctly fills the answer blank. No justification is necessary. No credit will be awarded for unclear markings.



6. [13 points] Anderson and Glen decide to take a road trip starting from Venice Beach. They have no worries about getting anywhere quickly, as they enjoy each other's company, so they take a very inefficient route. Suppose that Venice Beach is located at (0, 0) and that Anderson and Glen's position (x, y) (measured in miles) t hours after leaving Venice Beach is given by a pair of parametric equations x = f(t), y = g(t). A graph of f(t) and a formula for g(t) are given below. Note that f(t) is linear on the intervals [0, 0.5], [0.5, 1.5], and [2.5, 3].



Note: For each of the following, your final answer should **not** involve the letters *f* and *g*.

- **a**. [2 points] If their roadtrip last 3 hours, what are the x- and y- coordinates of their final destination?
- **b**. [3 points] At what speed are they traveling 2 hours into their trip?
- c. [4 points] Write, but do not compute, an expression involving one or more integrals that gives the distance they traveled, in miles, in the first half hour of their trip.
- **d**. [4 points] Write down a pair of parametric equations using the parameter s for the line tangent to their path at t = 2.75 hours.

7. [10 points] Fatimah begins to make herself a cup of tea to soothe her sore throat. As soon as the water boils, her telephone rings and she answers it. While she is on the phone, the hot water begins to cool. The temperature of the hot water (in °C) is given by a function H = H(t), where t is measured in minutes after the water boils. Suppose H(t) satisfies the differential equation

$$\frac{dH}{dt} = k(H - 20)t^2$$

for some constant k.

(Note: This is **not** Newton's Law of Cooling. Her teapot has unusual thermal properties.)

Assume that the water boils at 100°C.

- **a**. [1 point] What are the units of the constant k?
- **b.** [6 points] Use separation of variables to find a formula for H(t) by hand. Your formula may involve k, but should not involve any other unknown constants. Be sure to show your work.

c. [3 points] Suppose that 3 minutes after boiling, the temperature of the water is 60° C. What is the value of k?

8. [12 points] For each of the questions below, circle <u>all</u> of the available correct answers. Circle "NONE OF THESE" if none of the available choices are correct.

No justification is required. No credit will be awarded for unclear markings.

a. [3 points] The table below gives some values of a function g(y).

y	0	0.5	1	1.5	2	2.5	3	3.5	4	4.5	5	5.5	6
g(y)	1	2	4	6	5	1	2	3	5	4	2	1	3

Suppose y = y(x) is a function of x, and consider the differential equation y' = g(y) with initial condition y(1) = 3. Then the Euler's Method approximation of y(2) when the step size is $\Delta x = 0.5$ is

i. 3 ii. 3.5 iii. 4 iv. 4.5 v. 5 vi. 5.5 vii. 6 viii. 6.5 ix. 7 x. 7.5

xi. CANNOT BE DETERMINED FROM THE INFORMATION PROVIDED

XII. NONE OF THESE

b. [3 points]
$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{3x}\right)^{4x} =$$

i. $e^{4/3}$ ii. e^{12} iii. ∞ (DNE) iv. 0
v. 1 vi. $\ln(12)$ vii. $\ln(400/9)$ viii. NONE OF THESE

- c. [3 points] Which of the following pairs of parametric equations trace out a curve that lies entirely on the right half of the unit circle centered at the origin?
 - i. $x = \cos^2(t)$ and $y = \sin^2(t)$ for $0 < t < \pi/2$
 - ii. $x = \cos(t)$ and $y = \sin(t)$ for $0 < t < 3\pi/4$
 - iii. $x = \sin(4t)$ and $y = \cos(4t)$ for $\pi/2 < t < \pi$
 - iv. $x = \sqrt{1 t^2}$ and y = t for -1 < t < 1
 - V. NONE OF THESE
- **d**. [3 points] Which of the following expressions give the total area inside the polar curve $r = 2\sin(\theta)$?

i.
$$4\pi$$
 ii. π iii. $2\int_0^{\pi} \sin^2\theta \,d\theta$ iv. $2\int_0^{2\pi} \sin^2\theta \,d\theta$ v. None of these

9. [12 points] Determine whether the following integrals converge or diverge. If the integral converges, circle "converges", find its exact value (i.e. no decimal approximations), and write the exact value on the answer blank provided. If the integral diverges, circle "diverges" and justify your answer. In either case, you must show all your work and indicate any theorems you used to conclude convergence or divergence of the integrals. Any direct evaluation of integrals must be done without using a calculator.

a. [6 points]
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{2}{(1+x^4)^{1/4}} dx$$

Diverges

Converges to _____

b. [6 points]
$$\int_{1}^{e} \frac{x^3 - 3x^3 \ln(x) - 1}{x(x^3 - 1)^2} dx$$

Hint:
$$\frac{d}{dx}\left(\frac{\ln(x)}{x^3-1}\right) = \frac{x^3 - 3x^3\ln(x) - 1}{x(x^3-1)^2}$$

Diverges

Converges to _____



 [12 points] Consider the three differential equations whose slope fields are shown in I, II, and III below.

For each of the properties below, circle **all** of the slope fields for which the corresponding differential equation appears to satisfy that property. Circle "NONE OF THESE" if none of the differential equations satisfy the property. Explanation is not required. No credit will be awarded for ambiguous answers.

a. [2 points] y = 1 is a stable equilibrium solution of the differential equation.

	Ι	II	III	NONE OF THESE					
b.	[2 points]	$\frac{dy}{dx} < 0 \text{ for } 0 < x < 1.$							
	Ι	II	III	NONE OF THESE					
c.	c. [2 points] If we use Euler's method starting at the point $(1, 1.5)$ and use $\Delta x = 0.1$, the resulting estimate of $y(2)$ would be an underestimate of the actual value of $y(2)$.								
	Ι	II	III	NONE OF THESE					
d.	[2 points] I	The solution passing throug II	gh the point $(0.5, 0.25$) has $\lim_{x \to \infty} y = 1$. NONE OF THESE					
d.	[2 points] I	The solution passing throug II	gh the point $(0.5, 0.25$ III) has $\lim_{x\to\infty} y = 1$. NONE OF THESE					
d. e.	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \text{ points} \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \text{ points} \end{bmatrix}$ function f .	The solution passing throug II The differential equation cas	gh the point (0.5, 0.25 III n be written in the fo) has $\lim_{x\to\infty} y = 1$. NONE OF THESE rm $\frac{dy}{dx} = f(y)$ for some					
d. e.	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \text{ points} \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 2 \text{ points} \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ $\begin{bmatrix} I \end{bmatrix}$	The solution passing throug II The differential equation cas II	gh the point (0.5, 0.25 III n be written in the fo III) has $\lim_{x\to\infty} y = 1$. NONE OF THESE rm $\frac{dy}{dx} = f(y)$ for some NONE OF THESE					

(-1, -1) and using $\Delta x = 0.25$ lie on a straight line.

I	II	III	NONE OF THESE