

**8.** (10 points) Let  $f$  be a continuous, positive function for  $x \geq 1$ .

**(a)** Define what it means to say that  $\int_1^\infty f(x) dx$  converges.

**(b)** If  $f$  from part (a) is such that  $\int_1^\infty f(x) dx$  converges and if  $g$  is another continuous positive function for  $x \geq 1$  that satisfies

$$g(x) \leq 5f(x) + \frac{3}{x^2}$$

then is it necessarily true that  $\int_1^\infty g(x) dx$  converges? (Explain why or why not).