

6. [12 points]

- a. [3 points] Let f be a positive, continuous function. Which of the following are antiderivatives of f whose graphs go through the point $(1, 0)$? Circle **all** that apply.

$$\int_0^1 f(t) dt$$

$$\int_0^x f(t) dt + \int_1^0 f(t) dt$$

$$\int_0^x f(t) dt$$

$$\int_2^{2x} f(t/2) dt$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_2^{2x} f(t/2) dt$$

- b. [3 points] Let R be the region between the x -axis and the graph of some positive, continuous function from $x = a$ to $x = b$. If V is the volume of the solid whose base is R and whose cross-sections parallel to the y -axis are semicircles, what is the volume of the solid whose base is R and whose cross-sections parallel to the y -axis are equilateral triangles?

$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} V$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\pi} V$$

$$\frac{4\sqrt{3}}{\pi} V$$

$$2\pi V$$

$$\frac{2\pi}{\sqrt{3}} V$$

- c. [3 points] Which of the following expressions gives the arclength of the graph of $y = \sin(x^2)$ from $x = 0$ to $x = \sqrt{\pi}$?

$$\int_0^{\sqrt{\pi}} \sqrt{1 + 2x^2 \sin^2(x^2)} dx$$

$$\int_0^{\sqrt{\pi}} \sqrt{1 + \sin^2(x^2)} dx$$

$$\int_0^{\pi} \sqrt{1 + 4x^2 \cos^2(x^2)} dx$$

$$\int_0^{\sqrt{\pi}} \sqrt{1 + \cos^2(x^2)} dx$$

$$\int_0^{\sqrt{\pi}} \sqrt{1 + 4x^2 \cos^2(x^2)} dx$$

- d. [3 points] If the average value of a continuous function is A on $[0, 3]$ and B on $[3, 5]$, what is its average value on $[0, 5]$?

$$2A + 3B$$

$$\frac{2A + 3B}{5}$$

$$\frac{A + B}{2}$$

$$\frac{3A + 2B}{5}$$

$$\frac{A + B}{5}$$